

BEGIN - NOVEMBER 17, 1958

30.24- 5255

E72

(160)

LONDON, NOV. 17 (AP)-EARL BROWDER, FORMER SECRETARY OF THE AMERICAN COMMUNIST PARTY, ARRIVED TONIGHT FOR A THREE-WEEK VISIT TO SEE HIS PUBLISHER ABOUT HIS NEW BOOK "MARX AND AMERICA."

BROWDER, 67, RESIGNED AS SECRETARY OF "THE AMERICAN REDS" 13 YEARS AGO HE HAD NOT LEFT THE UNITED STATES SINCE THEN.

BROWDER SAID HE LEFT THE COMMUNIST PARTY BECAUSE HE FELT HE "WAS GETTING TOO OLD FOR THAT SORT OF THING, PARTICULARLY WITH NO STRONG BASIS FOR A POLITICAL LIFE. THE COMMUNIST PARTY IN AMERICA EXISTS ONLY AS A GHOST."

HE SAID HE HAD DIFFICULTY GETTING A PASSPORT FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT BECAUSE "THERE IS A LIST OF PEOPLE WHO HAVE BEEN INVOLVED IN QUESTIONING. I APPARENTLY READ THAT LIST AND IN A BUREAUCRACY THOSE THINGS STAND UNTIL SOMEONE OVERTHROWS THEM."

BROWDER SAID HE COULD NOT DEFINITELY SAY WHAT HIS POLITICAL VIEWS ARE NOW. HE DESCRIBED HIS NEW BOOK AS "A REASSESSMENT" OF THE MARX THEORY FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF ITS AMERICAN EXPRESSION."

UHS23PES

B7 (340)

LONDON, NOV 17 (AP)-TWELVE ORDINARY AMERICANS WILL SIT BESIDE QUEEN ELIZABETH AND VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON AT THE DEDICATION OF THE AMERICAN MEMORIAL CHAPEL IN ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL NOV. 26.

THE 12 AMERICANS ARE THE NEXT OF KIN OF U.S. SERVICEMEN KILLED ON WORLD WAR II OPERATIONS FROM BRITAIN. THEY WILL REPRESENT THE FAMILIES OF THE 28,000 MEN WHOSE DEATHS, WHILE OPERATING FROM BRITISH BASES, ARE COMMEMORATED BY THE CHAPEL.

ELEVEN OF THE PARTY, ACCOMPANIED BY EIGHT RELATIVES, WILL BE FLOWN TO LONDON FROM WASHINGTON NEXT MONDAY. THE TWELFTH, NOW LIVING IN LONDON, WILL JOIN THEM HERE. THEY WILL STAY IN LONDON FIVE DAYS AS THE GUESTS OF THE ENGLISH SPEAKING UNION.

THEY WILL SIT IN THE TINY MEMORIAL CHAPEL AT THE EAST END OF THE CATHEDRAL WITHIN FEET OF THE QUEEN AND VICE PRESIDENT NIXON. THE MEMORIAL CHAPEL IS THE GIFT OF THE BRITISH PEOPLE TO THEIR AMERICAN COMRADES.

THE AMERICANS ARE:

MRS. WILLIAM D. SCHWENKE, MOTHER OF LT. W. D. SCHWENKE JR., USAAF, 524 CHURCH ST. ELMIRA, N.Y.
MRS. JOSEPH J. VIGNA, MOTHER OF LT. JOSEPH J. VIGNA, USAAF,

850 W. WATMAUGH RD. SONOMA, CALIF.

MRS. JESSIE GORDON, MOTHER OF M. SGT. BERNARD F. HICKAM, USAAF, 2130 32ND AVEN ST. PETERSBURG, FLA.

MRS. CHARLES A. ATKINSON, MOTHER OF PVT. CHARLES A. ATKINSON, USAAF, 22 KITTRIDGE ST., ROSLINDALE, MASS.

ABE FEINGOLD, FATHER OF LT. MORTON H. FEINGOLD, USAAF, 8031 NORTH KNEX ST. SKOKIE, ILL.

MRS. JESSE G. GENRY, SISTER OF SGT. VICTOR G. HAND, USAAF, NOW LIVING IN LONDON.

ROBERT F. KENNEDY, BROTHER OF LT. (J. G.) JOSEPH J. KENNEDY JR., USN, 150 TREMONT ST., BOSTON MASS.

MRS. LEROY S. EATON, MOTHER OF PVT. ELVILLE BATES EATON, USMC, MASHPAUG POND, UNION CITY CONN.

MRS. H. HOWARD ARRIGHI, MOTHER OF ENS. RICHARD A. ARRIGHI, U.S. COAST GUARD, 80 PARKSIDE DRIVE, POINT LOOKOUT, N.Y.

MRS. ABRAHAM BLUM, MOTHER OF RADIO OFFICER MURRAY M. BLUM, U.S. MERCHANT MARINE 1642 EAST 19TH ST., BROOKLYN, N.Y.

MRS. HATTIE B. EMERT, MOTHER OF PVT. BILLIE J. EMERT, U.S. ARMY, (HOME ADDRESS NOT IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE)

MRS. SEPTIMA BUTCHER, NEXT OF KIN OF CAPT. J.W. BUTCHER, U.S. ARMY, 225 "C" STREET, S.E. WASHINGTON, D.C

J250PES

B91 Q

(140-Q)

THE HAGUE, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE WORLD COURT TONIGHT CLOSED ORAL HEARINGS IN THE INTERHANDEL CASE.

THE PROCEEDINGS IN SWITZERLAND, ON BEHALF OF THE SWISS FIRM INTER-HANDEL, SEEKS RESTORATION OF GENERAL ANILINE AND FILM CORPORATION (G.A.F.) SHARES, SEIZED AS ENEMY PROPERTY DURING WORLD WAR II BY THE U.S. GOVERNMENT.

THE UNITED STATES SAYS IT WAS PROPERTY OWNED BY I.G.FARBEN INTERESTS OF GERMANY BUT SWITZERLAND CLAIMS IT IS OWNED BY INTERHANDEL.

PROF. PAUL GUGGENHEIM, FOR SWITZERLAND, ASKED THE COURT TO REJECT THE AMERICAN PRELIMINARY OBJECTIONS AGAINST WORLD COURT JURISDICTION IN THE CASE.

THE COURT SPENT 12 DAYS LISTENING TO ARGUMENTS SUBMITTED BY THE SWISS AND AMERICAN GOVERNMENTS. IT IS EXPECTED TO GIVE ITS DECISION SOMETIME AFTER JAN. 1.

THE U.S. GOVERNMENT HAS ASKED THE COURT TO RULE IT CANNOT DECIDE THE CASE.

SWITZERLAND ALSO CONTESTS THE AMERICAN ARGUMENT THAT THE CASE CAN BE DECIDED BY AMERICAN COURTS--WHERE IT IS NOW BEING HEARD--ON GROUNDS THAT AMERICAN DOMESTIC LEGISLATION DOES NOT COVER GENERAL RULES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW.

DFQQQPES

A46 (200)

NIGHT LEAD

BY JOHN RODERICK

PARIS, NOV. 17 (AP)-TOP LEGISLATORS FROM 15 NATO COUNTRIES TODAY UNANIMOUSLY APPROVED A PROPOSAL TO PUT A RESEARCH ROCKET INTO ORBIT AROUND THE EARTH BY 1960.

THE LAW-MAKERS, MEETING IN THE FIRST DAY'S SESSION OF THE FOURTH ANNUAL NATO PARLIAMENTARIANS' CONFERENCE, APPLAUDED THE RECOMMENDATION MADE BY U. S. SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON'S SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE.

THE NATO COUNCIL'S SCIENTIFIC ADVISORY COMMITTEE WILL TAKE THE RECOMMENDATION UNDER STUDY SOON.

JACKSON, IN OUTLINING THE SATELLITE PROJECT, EMPHASIZED IT WOULD BE FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES.

"THERE IS WORK FOR ALL TO DO, AND THE JOB WILL GO FORWARD AT MAXIMUM SPEED ONLY IF ALL TAKE PART," THE COMMITTEE SAID.

THE CONFERENCE HEARD GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD, SUPREME COMMANDER OF ALLIED FORCES IN EUROPE, DECLARE THAT ALLIED RETALIATORY FORCES ARE SO EFFECTIVE "IT IS MOST UNLIKELY THAT THERE COULD BE IN THE MIND OF AN AGGRESSOR A DELIBERATE DECISION TO GO TO MAJOR WAR OR TO TAKE RISKS WHICH MIGHT LEAD TO MAJOR WAR."

AFTER THE TWO MAJOR SPEECHES BY JACKSON AND NORSTAD, THE CONFERENCE WENT INTO CLOSED COMMITTEE SESSIONS.

BESIDES JACKSON THE UNITED STATES IS REPRESENTED BY SENATORS THEODORE GREEN, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, ESTES KEFAUVER, JACOB JAVITS, STYLES BRIDGES, T. H. KUCHEL AND EVERETT DIRKSEN.

JS606PES

A35

(430)

BY JOHN RODERICK

PARIS, NOV. 17 (AP)—A COMMITTEE OF LEGISLATORS PROPOSED TODAY THAT NATO LAUNCH AN EARTH SATELLITE FOR PEACEFUL OUTER SPACE RESEARCH BY 1960.

THE SATELLITE, WHICH WOULD BEAR THE EMBLEM OF THE NORTH ATLANTIC ALLIANCE, IS THE FIRST POINT IN A PROPOSED PROGRAM OF "PEACEFUL SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION IN UPPER ATMOSPHERE AND OUTER SPACE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT AND EXPLORATION."

THE PROGRAM WAS RECOMMENDED BY THE SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE OF THE FOURTH NATO PARLIAMENTARIANS' CONFERENCE, WHICH OPENED A WEEK-LONG SESSION IN PARIS.

THE COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN, U.S. SEN HENRY M. JACKSON OF WASHINGTON, SUGGESTED IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR DELIVERY TO THE CONFERENCE THAT SCIENTISTS FROM THE 15 NATO NATIONS BE INVITED TO MEET AT AN EARLY DATE TO DRAFT A COOPERATIVE RESEARCH EFFORT.

HE SAID THE SCIENTISTS "MIGHT AIM AT DESIGNING AN ADVANCED PEACEFUL RESEARCH SATELLITE WHICH COMBINES THE BEST IDEAS OF OUR SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITY. THIS SATELLITE COULD BE SENT INTO SPACE WITH A LAUNCHING VEHICLE SUPPLIED BY A NATION POSSESSING A MAJOR MISSILE PROGRAM. I AM INFORMED THAT IT IS TECHNICALLY POSSIBLE TO DESIGN AND LAUNCH SUCH A SATELLITE BY 1960.

"WE ARE PARTNERS ON LAND," HE SAID. "WE ARE PARTNERS ON THE SEA. WE ARE PARTNERS IN THE AIR. IT IS TIME THAT WE NOW BECOME PARTNERS IN OUTER SPACE."

THE COMMITTEE ALSO RECOMMENDED A HARD-HITTING OFFENSIVE TO COUNTER SOVIET ECONOMIC WARFARE. IT SAID THE ATLANTIC COMMUNITY SHOULD:

1. AFFIRM THAT AN ECONOMIC ASSAULT UPON ONE OF US IS AN ECONOMIC ASSAULT UPON ALL OF US.

2. RALLY OUR CREATIVE TALENTS IN ECONOMICS AND POLITICAL SCIENCE AND PUT THEM TO WORK ON A JOINT ECONOMIC STRATEGY; AND

3. USE NATO-WIDE ARRANGEMENTS FOR ECONOMIC CONSULTATIONS AND ECONOMIC DIPLOMACY."

JACKSON SAID THE RUSSIANS "CAN SELL AT A LOSS AND BUY AT A PREMIUM WHEN IT SUITS THEIR POLITICAL PURPOSES--CONCENTRATING THEIR FIRE ON THE VULNERABLE ECONOMIES IN THE MIDDLE EAST, SOUTHERN ASIA, AND LATIN AMERICA." HE SAID MOSCOW HAS ALREADY UPSET WORLD TIMBER, TIN AND ALUMINUM MARKETS BY CUT-RATE SALES.

"DESPITE THE CLEAR DANGER SIGNALS, OUR COMMUNITY HAS BARELY BEGUN TO DRAG ITSELF INTO ACTION. YET THERE IS EVERY PROSPECT THAT MOSCOW'S CAPACITY FOR ECONOMIC WARFARE WILL GROW STEADILY IN THE FUTURE," THE AMERICAN SENATOR WARNED.

THE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDED THAT THE NATO COUNCIL PLAN FOR AN 8-MILLION-DOLLAR A YEAR SCIENCE FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.

"IF THE NATO FELLOWSHIPS DISCOVER ONE NEW GIANT IN THE SCIENTIFIC FIELD, OR IF THEY GIVE US ONE NEW REVOLUTIONARY IDEA, THEY WILL MORE THAN PAY THEIR WAY," JACKSON SAID. "WE BELIEVE A REASONABLE ANNUAL BUDGET WOULD BE EIGHT MILLION DOLLARS WHEN THE PROGRAM IS IN FULL OPERATION."

THE COMMITTEE ALSO RECOMMENDED FORMULATION OF A BASIC LONG-RANGE POLICY TO GUIDE NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS. IT SUGGESTED THAT PARTICULAR ATTENTION BE PAID TO MATERIALS RESEARCH, OCEANOGRAPHY AND UPPER ATMOSPHERE AND SPACE.

WH458AES

B30 (Q)

-71-

NIGHT LEAD FREE TRADE (270)

PARIS, NOV. 17 (AP)—PREMIER DE GAULLE WILL MEET HIS TOP ADVISERS ON ECONOMIC AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS TOMORROW TO REVIEW THE DEADLOCKED NEGOTIATIONS ON A EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA.

THERE WAS NO INDICATION THAT ANY NEW PROPOSAL WAS BEING PREPARED.

TALKS COLLAPSED TODAY WITH A BRITISH ANNOUNCEMENT THAT A MEETING SCHEDULED FOR WEDNESDAY HAD BEEN CANCELED. THIS MOVE FOLLOWED A FRENCH STATEMENT LAST FRIDAY THAT THE BRITISH IDEAS FOR THE PROJECT WERE UNACCEPTABLE.

THE TALKS HAVE BEEN HELD IN COMMITTEES OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC).

A FRENCH SPOKESMAN INSISTED "WE ARE ANXIOUS TO RESUME NEGOTIATIONS BUT CERTAINLY NOT ON THE BASIS PROPOSED BY BRITAIN."

THERE WAS NO HINT FROM DE GAULLE'S OFFICE WHETHER HE WOULD BE WILLING TO ATTEND A MEETING WITH BRITISH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN AND GERMAN CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER.

THERE HAS BEEN SPECULATION THAT SUSPENSION OF TALKS WOULD BRING EFFORTS TO THROW THE NEGOTIATIONS TO THE PREMIER LEVEL.

THE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA WAS PROPOSED BY BRITAIN AS AN ENLARGEMENT OF THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET OF FRANCE, ITALY, WEST GERMANY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG. THE COMMON MARKET IS TO BEGIN FUNCTIONING JAN. 1.

UNDER THE COMMON MARKET THE SIX COUNTRIES HAVE AGREED TO GRADUALLY SCALE DOWN TARIFFS AND OTHER TRADE RESTRICTIONS AMONG THEMSELVES AND ABOLISH THEM IN THE NEXT 10 TO 15 YEARS. THEY ALSO WOULD SET UP COMMON CUSTOMS OR OTHER BARRIERS AGAINST OUTSIDE NATIONS.

BRITAIN PROPOSED BRINGING IN 11 OTHER EUROPEAN NATIONS AND SUGGESTED SEVERAL RESERVATIONS TO INSURE ITS COMMONWEALTH TRADING PRIVILEGES. THE FRENCH REFUSED TO GO ALONG WITH THE BRITISH PROPOSALS.

TA508PES

B40 (SEG)

(250)

PARIS, NOV. 17 (AP)—NEGOTIATIONS TO LINK 17 NATIONS IN A EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA HAVE BEEN SUSPENDED INDEFINITELY AS THE RESULT OF A SPLIT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND FRANCE, INFORMED SOURCES SAID TODAY. "IN THE PRESENT CIRCUMSTANCES FURTHER TALKS APPEAR USELESS," SAID INFORMANTS AT THE ORGANIZATION FOR EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COOPERATION (OEEC) WHERE TALKS HAVE BEEN GOING ON IN COMMITTEES.

IT WAS BELIEVED THAT THE SUSPENSION WOULD BE FOLLOWED BY EFFORTS TO THROW THE NEGOTIATIONS TO A HIGHER LEVEL--PERHAPS TO A "LITTLE SUMMIT" OF THE FRENCH, BRITISH AND WEST GERMAN PREMIERS. THE EUROPEAN FREE TRADE AREA WAS PROPOSED BY BRITAIN AS AN ENLARGEMENT OF THE EUROPEAN COMMON MARKET OF FRANCE, ITALY, WEST GERMANY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG, WHICH IS TO BEGIN FUNCTIONING JAN. 1.

UNDER THE COMMON MARKET THE SIX COUNTRIES HAVE AGREED GRADUALLY TO SCALE DOWN TARIFFS AND OTHER TRADE RESTRICTIONS AMONG THEMSELVES AND FINALLY TO ABOLISH THEM IN THE NEXT 10 TO 15 YEARS. THEY ALSO WOULD SET UP COMMON CUSTOMS OR OTHER BARRIERS AGAINST OUTSIDE NATIONS. SEVERAL EUROPEAN NATIONS FEAR A LOSS OF TRADE IN PRESENT MARKETS.

IN PROPOSING TO ENLARGE THE AREA, BRITAIN PROPOSED SEVERAL RESERVATIONS TO INSURE HER OWN COMMONWEALTH TRADING PRIVILEGES WHICH THE FRENCH REFUSED TO ACCEPT.

BJ857AES

B56 (Q)

WITH PARIS TRADE B40 (SEG) (330)

LONDON, NOV. 17 (AP)--BRITAIN TODAY ABANDONED HER 2-YEAR-OLD PROJECT FOR A 17-NATION FREE TRADE AREA (FTA) IN WESTERN EUROPE.

THE DECISION OF PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN'S GOVERNMENT CAME AFTER FRANCE LAST FRIDAY REJECTED BRITAIN'S CONCEPT AS A BASIS OF NEGOTIATION.

THE VIRTUAL COLLAPSE OF THE 17-NATION TALKS HAS COME DESPITE THE PERSONAL INTERVENTION OF MACMILLAN AND PREMIER DE GAULLE.

MACMILLAN MET WITH SOME OF HIS SENIOR CABINET MINISTERS THIS MORNING. GOVERNMENT INFORMANTS SAID THE BRITISH WALKOUT AMOUNTS TO AN ABANDONMENT OF THE AMBITIOUS FTA SCHEME IN ITS PRESENT FORM.

AS A RESULT, UNLESS THE LEADERS OF NON-COMMUNIST EUROPE ACT SWIFTLY TO INTRODUCE PROVISIONAL MEASURES, THERE IS A THREAT THE CONTINENT MAY BECOME THE SETTING FOR A TRADE WAR NEXT YEAR.

ON JAN. 1 SIX NATIONS--FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, ITALY, BELGIUM, THE NETHERLANDS AND LUXEMBOURG--GO INTO BUSINESS AS A COMMON MARKET.

THEY WILL LOWER INTERNAL TARIFFS. THEY WILL IMPOSE QUOTAS ON FOREIGN GOODS. AND THEY WILL PROTECT THEIR OWN INDUSTRIES BY BUILDING A COMMON CUSTOMS RATE ON IMPORTS.

BRITAIN AND OTHER SELLING NATIONS THUS WILL STAND TO BE SQUEEZED OUT OF OLD MARKETS. THEY WILL HAVE TO CONSIDER REPRISAL MEASURES WHICH COULD TOUCH OFF BITTER ECONOMIC--AND EVENTUALLY POLITICAL--RIVALRIES.

BRITAIN'S FTA SCHEME WAS DESIGNED TO WIDEN THE WORKINGS AND SCOPE OF THE COMMON MARKET BY BRINGING 11 OTHER EUROPEAN NATIONS INTO VARIOUS HAND-PICKED ARRANGEMENTS. IT HAD BEEN HOPED THAT THE FTA ALSO WOULD BEGIN JAN. 1.

FRANCE NEVER LIKED THE BRITISH IDEA. SHE HAS SUGGESTED BRITAIN SHOULD JOIN THE COMMON MARKET COMPLETELY. SHE OBJECTED TO SOME BRITISH RESERVATIONS--SUCH AS BARRING THE EMPIRE FROM THE FTA ARRANGEMENTS. THE FRENCH SAY THIS WOULD HAVE LEFT BRITAIN IN A PRIVILEGED SELLING POSITION THROUGHOUT THE GLOBE-GIRDLING COMMONWEALTH.

SOME FAINT HOPES WERE EVIDENT HERE THAT A LIVE-AND-LET-LIVE ARRANGEMENT OF SORTS MAY YET BE SALVAGED.

SUCH HOPES EVIDENTLY WERE BASED ON FRENCH ASSURANCES--REPORTEDLY REPEATED BY DE GAULLE IN A NOTE TO MACMILLAN SUNDAY--THAT FRANCE STILL IS WILLING TO DISCUSS THE GENERAL SITUATION.

THERE IS SOME TALK TOO OF AN APPEAL FOR AMERICAN INTERVENTION.

U.S. AMBASSADOR JOHN HAY WHITNEY HAD A LONG TALK TODAY WITH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD.

RP1041AES

30.24- 5257

A26

(370)

NIGHT LEAD TALKS

BY TOM OCHILTREE

GENEVA, NOV. 17 (AP)--RUSSIA SUGGESTED TODAY THE NEGOTIATION OF TWO SEPARATE TREATIES ON NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION DESPITE WESTERN ARGUMENTS THAT THE BANNING OF TESTS AND THE CONTROL OF SUCH A BAN MUST GO TOGETHER IN A SINGLE DOCUMENT.

IN A SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE IN GENEVA, THE SOVIET UNION PROPOSED STILL ANOTHER TREATY--THIS ONE TO PROHIBIT PLANES CARRYING NUCLEAR WEAPONS FROM FLYING OVER THE TERRITORY OF OTHER COUNTRIES OR THE HIGH SEAS.

WESTERN DELEGATIONS SUSPECTED PROPAGANDA TRAPS IN BOTH SOVIET PROPOSALS.

AT THE END OF A DAY OF INTENSE NEGOTIATION, THE THREE-NATION CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR TEST SUSPENSION AND THE TEN-NATION TECHNICAL TALKS ON SURPRISE ATTACK PROBLEMS BOTH REMAINED DEADLOCKED.

A WESTERN SOURCE SAID THE RUSSIANS STILL WERE DUCKING ON THE CONTROL ISSUE IN THE NUCLEAR TALKS. UNDER THE TWO-TREATY PROPOSAL ADVANCED BY SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON TSARAPKIN THE RUSSIANS AGAIN INSISTED THAT THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN MUST FIRST AGREE TO SUSPEND TESTS BEFORE DISCUSSIONS BEGIN ON CONTROL FEATURES.

WESTERN SOURCES DESCRIBED THIS AS AN ATTEMPT TO GET THE WEST TO SIGN A BLIND CONTRACT. IN THE WESTERN VIEW A PROMISE TO SUSPEND TESTS UNACCOMPANIED BY AGREEMENT ON A CONTROL SYSTEM WOULD BE ONLY A PAPER AGREEMENT.

BUT, THE WEST HOLDS, IT COULD BE USED BY THE RUSSIANS FOR PROPAGANDA PURPOSES IF THIS CONFERENCE FAILED TO REACH FINAL AGREEMENT. THE WESTERN POWERS, IN SUCH A CASE, WOULD APPEAR TO HAVE COMMITTED THEMSELVES IN A MORAL SENSE TO ENDING TESTS WITHOUT OBTAINING ANY GUARANTEES THAT RUSSIA EVER WOULD ACCEPT INTERNATIONAL CONTROL PERSONNEL ON HER SOIL.

TSARAPKIN ALSO SUGGESTED THE TWO TREATIES BE SIGNED SIMULTANEOUSLY, BUT THE WESTERN POWERS VIEWED THIS AS WINDOW DRESSING. THEY BELIEVED THAT THE SOVIETS WERE TRYING TO EXTRACT A VIRTUAL COMMITMENT FROM THE WEST TO END TESTS BUT WOULD AT THE SAME TIME STALL ON THE COMPANION CONTROL AGREEMENT.

TSARAPKIN'S PROPOSAL TO DIVIDE UP THE NUCLEAR PROBLEM WAS CONTAINED IN A REVISED DRAFT AGENDA BROUGHT IN BY THE RUSSIAN SIDE.

IN THE WESTERN VIEW, THE SUBSTANCE AND TIMING OF BOTH ASPECTS OF THE PROBLEM MUST BE INSEPARABLY LINKED, THERE MUST BE A BINDING JOINT OBLIGATION NOT ONLY TO SUSPEND TESTS BUT TO ESTABLISH AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL AGENCY.

THIS CAN ONLY BE GUARANTEED, AMERICAN CHIEF DELEGATE JAMES J. WADSWORTH TOLD THE RUSSIANS, IF BOTH OBLIGATIONS ARE UNDERTAKEN IN THE SAME TREATY. BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE TOOK THE SAME VIEW.

EVEN THOUGH THE NUCLEAR TALKS WERE DEADLOCKED, THE DELEGATIONS AT LEAST WERE DISCUSSING SUBJECTS FOR WHICH THE CONFERENCE WAS CALLED.

WESTERN SOURCES CONTENDED THIS WAS MORE THAN COULD BE SAID FOR THE TEN-NATION TALKS ON SURPRISE ATTACK PROBLEMS.

THAT WAS THE MEETING WHERE SOVIET DEPUTY FOREIGN MINISTER VASSILY V. KUZNETSOV INTRODUCED A TREATY DRAFT TO PREVENT NUCLEAR-WEAPON-CARRYING PLANES FROM FLYING OVER THE TERRITORY OF OTHER COUNTRIES OR THE HIGH SEAS.

WESTERN OFFICIALS SAID KUZNETSOV'S PROPOSAL WAS COMPLETELY OUTSIDE THE SCOPE OF THE TALKS. THEY INSIST THE CONFERENCE WAS ORGANIZED SOLELY TO MAKE A TECHNICAL STUDY OF WEAPONS USEFUL IN SURPRISE ATTACK AND INSTRUMENTS FOR A POSSIBLE INTERNATIONAL ALERT SYSTEM.

THE WESTERN SIDE--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, ITALY AND CANADA--TRIED TODAY, AS IT HAS IN PAST SESSIONS, TO GET THE DELEGATES TO BEGIN WORK ON TECHNICAL STUDIES. RUSSIA RECEIVED SUPPORT IN THE CONFERENCE FROM POLAND, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, ROMANIA AND ALBANIA.

KUZNETSOV'S PROPOSAL WAS RELATED TO RUSSIAN CHARGES MADE EARLIER THIS YEAR THAT AMERICAN PLANES CARRYING NUCLEAR WEAPONS WERE ENDANGERING PEACE BY FLYING OVER THE ARCTIC CLOSE TO SOVIET BORDERS. THE UNITED STATES DENIED THIS CHARGE AND OFFERED AT THE TIME TO PARTICIPATE IN AN INTERNATIONAL "OPEN SKIES" SYSTEM TO GIVE MUTUAL SAFEGUARDS AGAINST NUCLEAR WEAPONS FLIGHTS. THE SOVIET UNION REJECTED THE AMERICAN PROPOSAL.

THE WESTERN DELEGATIONS IN THE SURPRISE ATTACK TALKS HAVE NO INTENTION OF EVEN DISCUSSING KUZNETSOV'S DRAFT.
MJLJS435PES

A32 (400)

NIGHT LEAD BERLIN
BY REINHOLD ENSZ

BERLIN, NOV. 17 (AP)--A U. S. ARMY TRUCK CONVOY ROLLED WITHOUT INCIDENT TODAY FROM ALLIED-OCCUPIED WEST BERLIN TO WEST GERMANY, EASING BLOCKADE FEARS.

IT WAS THE FIRST CONVOY TO MAKE THE 110-MILE TRIP FROM BERLIN THROUGH EAST GERMANY SINCE THE RUSSIANS TURNED BACK AN AMERICAN MILITARY CONVOY FRIDAY.

TODAY'S CONVOY OF A JEEP AND TWO OPEN TRUCKS WAS REGARDED AS A TEST OF SOVIET-EAST GERMAN TACTICS. THE SUCCESSFUL TRIP COINCIDED WITH SIGNS THAT THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME NOW IS TRYING A SOFTER POLICY IN AN EFFORT TO OBTAIN RECOGNITION FROM THE WEST.

ALTHOUGH THE MOVEMENT OF THE CONVOY EASED WORRIES ABOUT A POSSIBLE BLOCKADE, NEW QUESTIONS WERE AROUSED ABOUT AN HOUR LATER. ONE AFTER THE OTHER, WEST BERLIN NEWSMEN GOT CRYPTIC TELEPHONE CALLS SAYING THE SOVIET EMBASSY IN EAST BERLIN WOULD HOLD AN IMPORTANT NEWS CONFERENCE AT 11 A.M. (5 A.M. EST) TOMORROW.

THERE WAS NO ELABORATION. IT WAS THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE 1954 FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE HERE THAT RUSSIAN DIPLOMATS SCHEDULED A NEWS CONFERENCE IN BERLIN.

WEST BERLIN RESIDENTS IMMEDIATELY SPECULATED SOMETHING BIG MIGHT BE IN THE WIND. THEY THOUGHT IT MIGHT BE AN ANNOUNCEMENT THAT THE RUSSIANS ARE CARRYING OUT THEIR THREAT TO GIVE THE EAST GERMAN REGIME CONTROL OVER ALLIED ACCESS TO THIS CITY.

THE WESTERN BIG THREE DO NOT RECOGNIZE SATELLITE EAST GERMANY AND HAVE REFUSED TO PERMIT ANY OF ITS CONTROLS ON THEIR WEST BERLIN TRAFFIC.

QUESTIONS ALSO REMAINED ABOUT TODAY'S CONVOY BECAUSE OF THE FACT THE TRUCKS WERE OPEN. LAST FRIDAY'S WERE COVERED AND THE RUSSIAN SENTRIES WANTED TO LOOK INSIDE THEM. THE AMERICAN DRIVERS REFUSED, SO THE TRUCKS WERE SENT BACK TO WEST BERLIN.

THE ALLIES ARGUE THAT UNDER THE FOUR-POWER OCCUPATION AGREEMENTS, RUSSIAN CHECKPOINT FORCES MAY ONLY LOOK AT THE TRUCKS' TRAVEL DOCUMENTS.

THE ISSUE HAS BEEN A SORE POINT FOR MONTHS, WITH THE RUSSIANS PERIODICALLY INSISTING ON THE INSPECTION.

A JEEP BEARING TRAVEL DOCUMENTS WAS SENT AHEAD OF TODAY'S CONVOY.

AT THE SOVIET CHECKPOINT AT BABELSBERG, THE RUSSIAN SENTRIES GLANCED AT THE TRUCK CARGOES AND CASUALLY ACCEPTED THE TRAVEL PAPERS. AFTER STUDYING THEM FOR ABOUT SIX MINUTES, THEY HANDED THEM BACK AND WAVED THE TRUCKS ON DOWN THE AUTOBAHN TO WEST GERMANY.

AT THE OTHER END OF THE AUTOBAHN, THE CONVOY ALSO PASSED THROUGH THE RUSSIAN CHECKPOINT ON THE WEST GERMAN BORDER WITHOUT INCIDENT. IN CHARGE OF THE CONVOY WAS SGT. 1. C. JOSEPH H. GREER, (5245 MCKINLEY AVE.), DETROIT, MICH.

THE OTHER SOLDIERS IN THE CONVOY:

SGT. WILLIAM A. THOMPSON, (55 CHURCH ST.), WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA.; PFC. BURDELL A. HODGES, (BOX 34), HUGO, MINN.; PFC. JAMES C. FREEMAN, (213 RIVER CIRCLE AVE.), SAN PABLO, CALIF., AND PFC. THOMAS P. DAY, (1330 WEST 41 ST.), LOS ANGELES.
JS5PES

A108

-95-
LONDON, TUESDAY, NOV. 18 (AP)--PRAVDA DECLARED TODAY THE SOVIET UNION IS "UNSHAKEABLE IN ITS DECISION" TO CHANGE THE OCCUPATION STATUS OF BERLIN.

THE STATEMENT IN THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER PRAVDA WAS BROADCAST BY RADIO MOSCOW.

IT SAID THE WESTERN GOVERNMENTS ARE DEEPLY MISTAKEN IF THEY THINK ANY KIND OF CONSENT ON THEIR PART IS REQUIRED FOR SUCH A MOVE.

SOVIET PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV A WEEK AGO CALLED FOR AN END OF THE FOUR-POWER OCCUPATION OF BERLIN.

"THE SOVIET UNION WILL FIRMLY ADHERE TO ITS POLICY AND WILL IMPLEMENT IT," PRAVDA SAID.

CHARGING THE WESTERN POWERS WITH USING THE OCCUPATION OF BERLIN "AS A WEAPON FOR POISONING THE ATMOSPHERE OF EUROPE," THE ARTICLE ADDED:

"THE TIME HAS COME TO SOLVE RADICALLY THE BERLIN ISSUE IN THE INTERESTS OF CONSOLIDATION OF PEACE AND INTERNATIONAL SECURITY. THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT IS UNSHAKEABLE IN ITS DECISION TO IMPLEMENT THE LONG SINCE RIPE MEASURES REGARDING BERLIN.

"WESTERN STATESMEN WHO CLING TO THE OCCUPATION STATUS IN BERLIN ARE DEEPLY MISTAKEN IF THEY THINK ANY KIND OF CONSENT ON THE PART OF THE WESTERN POWERS IS REQUIRED IN ORDER TO IMPLEMENT THE MEASURES DRAWN OUT BY THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT. NO SUCH CONSENT IS NEEDED."

PRAVDA CLAIMED THE WEST--THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE--HAVE "FRUSTRATED THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE POTSDAM AGREEMENT" AND HAVE "LOST ANY LEGAL RIGHT FOR MAINTAINING THEIR PRIVILEGES IN BERLIN."

"THEY HAVE ALSO LOST THE MORAL RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE WESTERN PART OF THAT CITY," PRAVDA ASSERTED.

THE WESTERN BIG THREE LAST WEEK REAFFIRMED THEIR INTENTION TO DEFEND THE FOUR-POWER STATUS OF WEST BERLIN AGAINST ANY THREATS. THE WEST GERMAN GOVERNMENT HAS WARNED THE RUSSIANS THAT THE END OF THE ALLIED OCCUPATION COULD BRING THE WORLD TO THE BRINK OF WAR.

THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE COMMENT IN WASHINGTON FROM THE STATE DEPARTMENT ON THE PRAVDA DECLARATIONS.

HOWEVER THE SITUATION IN THE FORMER GERMAN CAPITAL WAS THE SUBJECT OF HIGH-LEVEL MEETINGS IN WASHINGTON TODAY.

WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE DISCU

OF HIGH-LEVEL MEETINGS IN WASHINGTON TODAY.

WEST GERMAN AMBASSADOR WILHELM GREWE DISCUSSED IT WITH SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES, AND THE U.S. AMBASSADOR TO WEST GERMANY, DAVID K. E. BRUCE, CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ON THE SAME TOPIC.

OFFICIAL SOURCES SAID ALL CONTINGENCIES THAT MIGHT ARISE FROM SOVIET MOVES IN THE BERLIN SITUATION HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED AND THERE ARE PLANS FOR DEALING WITH THEM. THEY ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE PRECISE REACTION COULD NOT BE DECIDED UPON UNTIL THE ACTUAL CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE SOVIET MEASURES ARE KNOWN. THIS, IT WAS SAID, APPLIED TO THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE WESTERN POWERS MIGHT DEAL WITH EAST GERMAN AUTHORITIES-- WHO WOULD BE REGARDED ONLY AS AGENTS FOR THE SOVIET UNION-- IF RUSSIA TURNED OVER TO THEM THE CONTROL OF ALLIED COMMUNICATIONS LINES TO BERLIN. C21110PES

A90 (390)
WITH BERLIN (A18)
BY GEORGE BOULTWOOD

BONN, GERMANY, NOV 17 (AP)--A YOUNG AMERICAN TOURIST JAILED FOR A MONTH IN EAST GERMANY ON SPY CHARGES SAID TODAY THE COMMUNISTS APPARENTLY DECIDED TO FREE HIM ON REALIZING THEY COULD NOT WIN ANY DIPLOMATIC ADVANTAGE BY HOLDING HIM.

GEORGE S. MILROY OF ANN ARBOR, MICH., WAS RELEASED UNEXPECTEDLY SATURDAY AFTER BEING ARRESTED OCT. 17 ON CHARGES OF TAKING A PHOTOGRAPH OF A SOVIET HEADQUARTERS IN EAST GERMANY.

MILROY SAID HE WAS NOT MANHANDLED BY HIS CAPTORS BUT WAS PUT "UNDER TERRIFIC PSYCHOLOGICAL PRESSURE" IN AN UNSUCCESSFUL ATTEMPT TO FORCE HIM TO CONFESS.

MILROY TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE HERE THAT A GIRL INTERPRETER BETRAYED THE COMMUNIST MOTIVES WHEN SHE SAID "THROUGH YOU WE WILL GET THE UNITED STATES TO RECOGNIZE THE DDR (EAST GERMANY)."

HE KEPT DEMANDING TO BE PUT IN TOUCH WITH U.S. CONSULAR AUTHORITIES BUT WAS ALWAYS TOLD "YOUR CONSUL WON'T SPEAK TO US."

MILROY WAS SEIZED NEAR NEUSTRELITZ, 70 MILES NORTH OF BERLIN, WHILE DRIVING TO WEST BERLIN FROM COPENHAGEN IN A SMALL BRITISH SPORTS CAR.

WHILE IN JAIL MILROY SAID HE WAS UNAWARE OF THE CRISIS OVER BERLIN SET OFF BY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S THREATS TO HAND OVER SOVIET OCCUPATION POWERS TO THE GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME.

BUT IT WAS SHORTLY AFTER THAT SPEECH MILROY SAID THAT HIS CAPTORS SUGGESTED HE SHOULD APPLY FORMALLY TO THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT FOR AN INTERVIEW WITH A U.S. CONSUL.

MILROY SAID HIS INTERROGATORS DREW UP THE REQUEST FOR CONSULAR ASSISTANCE ADDRESSED DIRECTLY TO THE EAST GERMAN GOVERNMENT READING:

"I HEREBY REQUEST THAT YOU CREATE THE POSSIBILITY FOR ME TO TALK WITH U.S. DIPLOMATIC AUTHORITIES."

NOTHING HAPPENED. THE U.S. CONSULATE SNUBBED THE EAST GERMAN BID FOR RECOGNITION.

SUDDENLY ON SATURDAY MILROY WAS TOLD HE WAS BEING RELEASED AS HIS TRANSIT VISA EXPIRED THAT DAY. HE WAS GIVEN BACK ALL HIS POSSESSIONS AND ESCORTED BY TWO POLICE CARS TO THE FRONTIER. THE U.S. AUTHORITIES HAD NOT BEEN INFORMED IN ADVANCE OF HIS RELEASE.

THE TALL, SCHOLARLY LOOKING MILROY, A BACHELOR SALESMAN WHO LIVES WITH HIS FATHER IN ANN ARBOR, SAID THE WORST PART OF HIS EXPERIENCE WAS NOT KNOWING WHAT WOULD HAPPEN TO HIM.

"AT ONE TIME I HAD THE FEELING I WAS FIGHTING FOR MY LIFE," HE SAID. HE HAD BEEN INTERROGATED DAY AFTER DAY UNTIL "THERE DIDN'T SEEM TO BE ANYTHING THEY DIDN'T KNOW ABOUT ME."

"BUT" HE WENT ON. "THEY ALWAYS CAME UP WITH MORE QUESTIONS. I EVEN HAD TO GIVE THEM A LIST OF ALL MY RELATIVES AND NAME ALL THE 13 GRADE SCHOOLS I WENT TO. THEY KNOW MORE ABOUT ME THEN THE FBI."

30.24- 5259

"THEY NEVER MANHANDLED ME. THEY WERE AFFABLE, ALMOST FRIENDLY. BUT I WAS UNDER TREMENDOUS PSYCHOLOGICAL PRESSURE TO ADMIT SPYING. BUT I PERSISTED WITH MY PROTEST THAT I WAS JUST AN INNOCENT TOURIST."

"AFTER IT WAS ALL OVER I WAS TOLD I COULD COME BACK TO EAST GERMANY ANY TIME I LIKE BUT ONLY SO LONG AS I DID NOT TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS OF MILITARY INSTALLATIONS," MILROY SAID. KM838AES

B16 (Q)

NIGHT LEAD MILROY (750)

(EDITORS: THE FOLLOWING PERSONAL STORY OF AN AMERICAN TOURIST'S EXPERIENCES DURING A MONTH IMPRISONMENT IN AN EAST GERMAN JAIL ON A CHARGE OF SPYING HAS BEEN WRITTEN FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS BY 30-YEAR-OLD GEORGE S. MILROY, A SALESMAN, OF ANN ARBOR, MICH.) BY GEORGE S. MILROY

BONN, GERMANY, NOV. 17 (AP)--WHEN I TOOK A TOURIST PHOTOGRAPH OF A DECORATED FATE IN COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY I THOUGHT IT WAS JUST THE ENTRANCE TO A CULTURAL PARK.

I SOON FOUND OUT I WAS WRONG. IT WAS A RUSSIAN TANK DIVISION HEADQUARTERS.

THAT MISTAKE COST ME A MONTH IN A COMMUNIST JAIL AND A PROLONGED GRILLING THAT MADE ME THINK I WAS FIGHTING FOR MY LIFE.

I DIDN'T KNOW IT AT THE TIME, BUT MY CASE BECAME A POLITICAL ISSUE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST, WITH THE GERMAN COMMUNISTS TRYING TO USE ME TO GET U.S. DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION OF THEIR REGIME.

WHEN THIS FAILED THE REDS LET ME GO WITH ALL MY POSSESSIONS AND MY BRITISH SPORTS CAR.

BUT BEFORE THAT I HAD BEEN KEPT IN SOLITARY CONFINEMENT FOR WEEKS AND PUT UNDER PSYCHOLOGICAL PRESSURE TO ADMIT I WAS A SPY.

I HAD TAKEN THE BALTIC FERRY FROM BEDSER IN DENMARK TO WARNEMUENDE, IN EAST GERMANY, AS THE MOST DIRECT ROUTE TO BERLIN. AT WARNEMUENDE I WAS GIVEN A TRANSIT VISA AND A ROUTE TO FOLLOW AND HEADED FOR BERLIN.

ON THE WAY I TOOK TOURIST PICTURES OF TYPICAL SCENES.

AT NEUSTEDLITZ I SAW A BIG GATE WITH PICTURES OF LENIN AND KARL MARX ON EACH SIDE. A MAN IN NONDESCRIPT UNIFORM WAS STANDING OUTSIDE.

I THOUGHT IT WAS SOME SORT OF CULTURAL PARK AND STOPPED TO TAKE A PICTURE. I GESTURED TO MY CAMERA AS A WAY TO ASK THE ATTENDANT PERMISSION AS I DON'T SPEAK GERMAN. HE JUST SMILED AND TURNED AWAY.

AFTER I TOOK THE PICTURE A RUSSIAN OFFICER ARRESTED ME. I WAS TAKEN TO RUSSIAN HEADQUARTERS IN A RED SCHOOL BUILDING. THERE I SAW AN AMERICAN MILITARY CAR PARKED OUTSIDE.

"OH BOY, I'M SAFE," I SAID TO MYSELF.

IN IT WERE S. SGT. GEORGE BUDD AND CAPT. PETER DAVISON, A RUSSIAN-SPEAKING OFFICER OF THE U.S. MILITARY MISSION IN POTSDAM AND MAJ. WILLIAM VAN METER, FROM THE U.S. MISSION. I TOLD HIM MY STORY AND HE TOLD THE RUSSIANS I WAS JUST A TOURIST.

I WAS TOLD TO GO INTO THE STREET AND WAIT. THERE CAPT. DAVISON TOLD ME: "WE'VE BEEN DETAINED TOO. WE STRAYED INTO A RESTRICTED ZONE. IT HAPPENS OCCASIONALLY. WE COULDN'T BE MORE SURPRISED TO SEE

AN AMERICAN TOURIST IN THIS UNLIKELY SPOT."

LATER THE COMMUNIST THOUGHT THIS MEETING WAS PRE-ARRANGED, THAT I WAS AN AGENT OR SABOTEUR KEEPING A DATE WITH THE ARMY.

APPARENTLY THE RUSSIANS WOULDN'T SPEAK TO VAN METER AFTER THAT AND HE IS NOW AT FORT MEADE, MD.

I SAT IN THE U.S. ARMY CAR ALL NIGHT WAITING FOR A DECISION. THEN THE RUSSIANS LET THE AMERICANS TAKE ME TO A RESTAURANT FOR BREAKFAST. WE HAD FINISHED EATING WHEN A THICK-SET GERMAN CAME IN WITH TWO POLICEMEN. HE SAID HE WAS FROM THE DDR (EAST GERMAN) AUTHORITIES AND HAD COME TO TAKE ME AWAY.

THE AMERICANS PROTESTED BUT THE RUSSIANS SAID THEY HAD WASHED THEIR HANDS OF MY CASE. THE GERMANS DROVE ME AND MY CAR TO BERLIN AND PRISON.

THAT WAS SATURDAY OCT. 18 AND I WAS NOT TO LEAVE PRISON UNTIL EXACTLY FOUR SATURDAYS LATER.

NOBODY TOLD ME ANYTHING. I DIDN'T KNOW IF THEY WERE JUST GOING TO TAKE ME OUT AND SHOOT ME BUT THEY DIDN'T LAY HANDS ON ME. BUT I WAS BEING COMPLETELY COOPERATIVE, BELIEVE YOU ME. I WAS THEIR BEST FRIEND.

MY CELL WAS 10 FEET BY 18 FEET, WITH A 12 FOOT CEILING. THERE WAS A SMALL BARRED WINDOW OF GLASS BRICK AND A LIGHT INSET IN THE WALL. THE SOLID DOOR HAD A PEEPHOLE.

MY FIRST INTERROGATION LASTED 8 1/2 HOURS. THEY ACCUSED ME OF BEING AN ESPIONAGE AGENT. I HAD TO BE ON MY TOES TO TRY TO CONVINCE THEM I WAS A PEACEFUL TOURIST.

I SAID I WANTED TO TALK TO A U.S. CONSUL, THEY SAID THAT WAS IMPOSSIBLE BECAUSE THE U.S. CONSUL WOULDN'T TALK TO THEM. THEY ALSO SAID IT WAS IMPOSSIBLE TO TELEPHONE BECAUSE THERE WERE NO CONNECTIONS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST BERLIN.

IT WAS AFTER MIDNIGHT BEFORE THEY WERE THROUGH TRYING TO TRAP ME. THEY KEPT ASKING ME WHY HAD I COME TO GERMANY? WHO SENT ME? WHY DID I PHOTOGRAPH A MILITARY OBJECT?

THIS SORT OF THING WENT ON FOR FIVE SUCCESSIVE DAYS. I JUST COULDN'T EAT. I HAD NO APPETITE.

BREAKFAST WAS SLICES OF RYE BREAD WITH APPLE JELLY AND ERSATZ COFFEE. AT 11:30 THEY BROUGHT IN A BOWL OF POTATOES WITH ABOUT FOUR OUNCES OF MEAT. ABOUT 5:30 P.M. I GOT SIX SLICES OF BREAD WITH BUTTER AND VARIOUS KINDS OF SAUSAGE AND ANOTHER MUG OF COFFEE.

ABOUT 9 P.M. I WENT TO BED. ALL NIGHT SOMEONE LOOKED IN THROUGH THE PEEPHOLE EVERY HALF HOUR.

THE QUESTIONING WENT ON. AMONG OTHER THINGS, I TOLD THEM I WAS REPUBLICAN. AFTER THE U.S. ELECTIONS THEY TOLD ME "HA HA--THE DEMOCRATS WON." THAT WAS THE ONLY BIT OF NEWS FROM OUTSIDE I RECEIVED.

BUT THEY KNOW EVERYTHING ABOUT ME. NOBODY KNOWS SO MUCH ABOUT ME NOW--NOT EVEN THE FBI.

THEY FINALLY BROUGHT IN A MAN WHO SAID HE WAS A JUDGE. HE LOOKED OVER THE RECORDS OF INTERROGATION AND SAID:

"I DON'T THINK THE AMERICANS WOULD SEND ANYBODY LIKE YOU TO BE A SPY."

I TOOK IT AS A COMPLIMENT.

FINALLY, LAST SATURDAY, I WAS CALLED BEFORE THE INTERROGATORS. "MILROY, WE HAVE SOMETHING TO TELL YOU," A WOMAN INTERPRETER SAID. IT WAS AWFUL--I DIDN'T KNOW WHAT WAS COMING. THEN SHE TRANSLATED THE BOSS'S WORDS:

"YOU'RE GOING TO BE RELEASED TODAY."

I FELT LIKE A MILLION DOLLARS.

-0-

(EDS IN ABOVE 1ST GRAF MAKE READ A DECORATED GATEIN X X X ETC)
MM358PES

A49 (PX F)

BERLIN, NOV. 17 (AP)--THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME SAID TONIGHT MORE THAN 99 PER CENT OF THE VOTES CAST IN YESTERDAY'S PARLIAMENTARY ELECTION WENT TO THE COMMUNIST-RUN NATIONAL FRONT.

THE NEWS, RELEASED BY THE OFFICIAL EAST GERMAN NEWS AGENCY ADN, SURPRISED NO ONE. THERE WAS ONLY ONE LIST OF CANDIDATES, ALL BELONGING TO THE NATIONAL FRONT.

RJ629PES

A85 (110)

REGENSBURG, GERMANY, NOV. 17 (AP)--A YOUNG COUPLE WHO FLED CZECHOSLOVAKIA IN A SMALL SPORTS PLANE SAID TODAY THEY TOOK THE STEP BECAUSE OF PRESSURE ON THEM AS TEACHERS.

DENEK ZEMANEK, 27, AND HIS WIFE ANNA, 23, ASKED GERMAN AUTHORITIES TODAY FOR POLITICAL ASYLUM. THEY LANDED THEIR LIGHT PLANE NEAR ZEITLARN YESTERDAY.

BOTH SAID THEY WERE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL TEACHERS IN CARLSBAD. "THE PRESSURE ON US FROM SCHOOL AUTHORITIES WAS UNBEARABLE," THEY TOLD GERMAN POLICE.

IN HIS OFF-TIME, ZEMANEK SAID HE WAS A GLIDER INSTRUCTOR AT THE CARLSBAD AERO CLUB, WHICH OWNED THE PLANE.

GERMAN AUTHORITIES SAID THE COUPLE PROBABLY WOULD BE GIVEN ASYLUM. JAS42PES

A103

240
VIENNA, AUSTRIA, NOV. 17 (AP)--A U.S. EMBASSY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY A RUSSIAN AGENT OFFERED TO PAY "HUGE SUMS" TO DIPLOMAT DONALD ULTAN FOR INFORMATION.

THE SPOKESMAN ADDED ULTAN, A CALIFORNIAN, "ACTED WITH THE COMPLETE CONFIDENCE OF THE EMBASSY" WHEN HE WENT TO MEET A RUSSIAN AGENT SEVERAL WEEKS AGO. ULTAN IS FROM THE EMBASSY'S COMMUNICATIONS DEPARTMENT.

VIENNA POLICE ANNOUNCED LAST FRIDAY NIGHT THEY HAD QUESTIONED TWO PERSONS WHO "BEHAVED SUSPICIOUSLY" WHEN THEY MET OUTSIDE VIENNA'S SPORTSHALL, BUT BOTH HAD DIPLOMATIC PASSPORTS AND WERE NOT DETAINED.

AN EMBASSY SPOKESMAN PREVIOUSLY HAD IDENTIFIED THE AMERICAN AS ULTAN AND SAID HE HAD BEEN APPROACHED BY A RUSSIAN DIPLOMAT BUT DID NOT SAY WHAT THE RUSSIAN WANTED. THE AUSTRIAN NEWS AGENCY APA HAS SAID THE RUSSIAN WAS "MIHAIL S."

"WE CAN'T SAY WHAT THE RUSSIAN WANTED, BUT MR. ULTAN INFORMED THE EMBASSY AUTHORITIES OF HIS ACTION AND ACTED WITH OUR COMPLETE CONFIDENCE," THE EMBASSY SPOKESMAN SAID.

HE ADDED THAT ULTAN FIRST MET THE RUSSIAN LAST SPRING AND AT THAT TIME THE AGENT PRETENDED TO BE A BELGIAN BUSINESSMAN. ULTAN MET THE MAN AGAIN SEVERAL TIMES SOCIALLY, THE EMBASSY SPOKESMAN CONTINUED.

"SEVERAL WEEKS AGO THE MAN CONTACTED MR. ULTAN AND REQUESTED A MEETING IN FRONT OF THE VIENNA SPORTSHALL. THERE THE AGENT REVEALED HIS TRUE IDENTITY AND OFFERED TO PAY THE AMERICAN DIPLOMAT HUGE SUMS IF HE WOULD WORK FOR THE RUSSIANS."

SOMEHOW THE AUSTRIAN SECURITY POLICE ALSO WERE INFORMED OF THE MATTER AND BROKE UP THE MEETINGS.

JJ939AES

A4

VIENNA, NOV. 17 (AP)--A COMMUNIST COURT OF HUNGARY HAS SENTENCED A 58-YEAR-OLD MAN TO 20 MONTHS IMPRISONMENT FOR "EVADING REGULAR WORK" SINCE 1946.

THE BUDAPEST NEWSPAPER ESTI HIRLAP REPORTED THE VERDICT TODAY. THE COURT SAID THE MAN WAS "FIT FOR WORK AND IN GOOD HEALTH." IT ADDED: "IT IS NOT SUFFICIENT FOR A CITIZEN TO WORK ONLY A FEW HOURS EACH DAY. SUCH AN ATTITUDE IS CONTRARY TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL DUTY OF EACH CITIZEN, WHO IS HELD TO DO WORK ACCORDING TO HIS ABILITIES. IT IS ALSO CONTRARY TO SOCIALIST MORALITY."

SM211PES

AGT 164
(170)

BY CARL HARTMAN

BUDAPEST, HUNGARY, NOV. 17 (AP)—THE COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES TODAY WITHHELD ALL RESULTS IN HUNGARY'S SINGLE-TICKET ELECTION OF A NEW PARLIAMENT, THE FIRST SINCE THE REVOLT AGAINST RUSSIAN-DOMINATION TWO YEARS AGO.

THE GOVERNMENT RADIO ANNOUNCED LAST NIGHT THAT "MORE THAN 98 PER CENT" OF THE 6 1/2 MILLION ELIGIBLE VOTERS HAD GONE TO THE POLLS YESTERDAY. BUT THIS MORNING'S MAIN NEWS BROADCAST VIRTUALLY IGNORED THE VOTING, EXCEPT TO SAY A GROUP OF COAL MINERS HAD DECIDED TO RAISE PRODUCTION IN HONOR OF THE EVENT. THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY MTI, WHICH SHUT DOWN SHORTLY AFTER THE POLLS CLOSED, SAID SOME FIGURES MIGHT BE AVAILABLE THIS AFTERNOON. NO ONE DOUBTED THAT A HUGE MAJORITY WOULD BE ANNOUNCED FOR THE COMMUNIST-BACKED TICKET, ON WHICH THE AUTHORITIES PERMITTED NO CHANGES. ONLY A VOTE FOR OR AGAINST WAS POSSIBLE. NO OPPOSITION CANDIDATES COULD BE PRESENTED, AND NO OPPOSITION PROPAGANDA WAS ALLOWED.

A CORRESPONDENT FOR THE SOVIET RADIO SAID A VOTER TOLD HIM OF HAVING SEEN A FEW HAND-WRITTEN LEAFLETS THREATENING THOSE WHO VOTED. BUT NO VIOLENCE WAS REPORTED.

J128PES

A35 (380)

SECOND NIGHT LEAD SUDAN

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, EGYPT, NOV. 17 (AP)—SUDAN'S PRO-WESTERN GOVERNMENT FELL TODAY UNDER A COUP BY ARMY OFFICERS OF VARYING POLITICAL BELIEFS. THE SPRAWLING EAST AFRICAN NATION SEEMED QUIET TONIGHT.

THE COUP, APPARENTLY BLOODLESS, MAY HAVE BEEN SET OFF OVER INTERNAL MATTERS RATHER THAN FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

REPORTS FROM KHARTOUM, THE CAPITAL, INDICATED A TRIUMVIRATE OF ARMY OFFICERS WAS IN CHARGE.

GEN. IBRAHMIN ABOUD, 58-YEAR-OLD COMMANDER IN CHIEF, OUSTED PREMIER ABDULLAH KHALIL, HIS WORLD WAR II COMRADE IN ARMS IN AFRICAN CAMPAIGNING AGAINST THE AXIS.

THERE WAS SPECULATION HERE THAT KHALIL--WHO HAS BEEN UNDER EXTREME ARAB NATIONALIST PRESSURES EMANATING FROM PRESIDENT

NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC--MAY HAVE APPROVED THE COUP.

THERE WAS NO WORD TONIGHT ON HIS WHEREABOUTS.

ABOUD RELIEVED ALL CABINET MINISTERS, DISSOLVED THE PARLIAMENT ELECTED ONLY LAST FEBRUARY; CANCELED THE PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION; DECLARED A STATE OF EMERGENCY; APPOINTED MILITARY GOVERNORS IN ALL DISTRICTS; HALTED THE PUBLICATION OF NEWSPAPERS, AND IMPOSED CENSORSHIP.

THE NATION'S TWO TOP RELIGIOUS LEADERS, WHO YIELD IMMENSE POLITICAL POWER, BROADCAST STATEMENTS OF SUPPORT, INDICATING THE NEW REGIME WOULD HAVE STRONG POPULAR BACKING.

THE THREE LEADERS OF THE COUP, ACCORDING TO ADVICES REACHING CAIRO THROUGH APPARENTLY HEAVY CENSORSHIP, ARE ABOUD; GEN. AHMED ABDEL WAHAB, DEPUTY COMMANDER IN CHIEF; AND BRIG. HASSAN BESHIR, COMMANDER OF THE KHARTOUM GARRISON.

EGYPTIAN SOURCES FAMILIAR WITH THE NEIGHBORING NATION UP THE NILE GAVE THESE IMPRESSIONS ON THEIR POLITICS:

ABOUD, A CAREER OFFICER IDENTIFIED WITH THE KHATMIA RELIGIOUS SECT AND THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC PARTY, WHICH IS MODERATELY PRO-EGYPTIAN BUT HAS COOPERATED WITH PRO-WESTERN ELEMENTS.

WAHAB, LINKED WITH THE PRO-WESTERN UMMA PARTY AND REPORTED TO BE A CLOSE FRIEND OF THE OUSTED PREMIER.

30.24. 5261

BESHIR IS DESCRIBED AS A NATIONALIST, INDICATING THE EGYPTIANS CONSIDER HIM A GOOD ELEMENT FROM THEIR VIEWPOINT.

"THE MAKEUP MEANS THE SITUATION WILL BE NO BETTER AND NO WORSE FOR US THAN BEFORE," AN EGYPTIAN OFFICIAL SAID.

CHIEF PROBLEMS BETWEEN SUDAN AND THE U.A.R. HAVE BEEN DIFFERENCES OVER THE FRONTIER AND NEGOTIATIONS OVER THE DISTRIBUTION OF NILE RIVER WATERS, PLUS THE PROSPECTIVE FLOODING OF SOME SUDANESE TERRITORY IF NASSER GOES THROUGH WITH HIS PLANS TO BUILD THE ASWAN HIGH DAM.

KHALIL HAD BEEN KNOWN FOR HIS WESTERN SYMPATHIES AND RESISTANCE TO ARAB NATIONALIST PRESSURES.

THE EGYPTIANS, HOWEVER, DID NOT APPEAR OVERJOYED. CAIRL OFFICIALS SAID THE COUP WAS CONCERNED PRINCIPALLY WITH INTERNAL AFFAIRS -- NOT FOREIGN POLICY -- AND FOLLOWED CLOSELY THE PATTERN OF A RECENT MILITARY COUP IN PAKISTAN AIMED AT ROOTING OUT CORRUPTION.

(BRITISH GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID THE SUDANESE ARMY LEADER PROBABLY AIMED AT PREVENTING A POLITICAL RECONCILIATION BETWEEN SUDAN AND THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC OF GAMAL ABDEL NASSER. KHALIL, WHO HAS BEEN AILING, WAS UNDER HEAVY PRESSURE TO COLLABORATE CLOSELY WITH NASSER AND HIS GOVERNMENT SEEMED IMPERILLED BY NASSER ELEMENTS. IN WASHINGTON, U.S. AUTHORITIES SAID INDICATIONS WERE THAT THE COUP WAS NOT INTENDED TO TIE SUDAN MORE CLOSELY TO NASSER.)

REPORTS REACHING CAIRO SUGGESTED A JUNTA OF OFFICERS REPRESENTING DIFFERENT POLITICAL VIEWPOINTS LED THE COUP.

THE ARMY MOVED SUDDENLY AT 2 A.M. AT NOON, THE OFFICIAL RADIO AT KHARTOUM SAID ALL WAS QUIET THROUGHOUT THE HUGE AFRICAN COUNTRY, WHICH IS AS BIG IN AREA AS ALL THE UNITED STATES EAST OF THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

NEWSPAPERS WERE SUSPENDED, TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS INTERRUPTED, POLITICAL DEMONSTRATIONS BANNED.

RELIGION PLAYS AN IMPORTANT ROLE IN SUDANESE POLITICS. THE COUNTRY IS 75 PER CENT MOSLEM WITH ARAB BACKGROUND. THE SOUTHERN PART OF THE COUNTRY IS LARGELY NEGROID AND PRIMITIVE PAGAN.

ONE OF THE RELIGIOUS LEADERS WHO BROADCAST EXPRESSIONS OF SUPPORT IS ABDEL RAHMAN EL MAHDI, LEADER OF THE ANSARI MOSLEM SECT AND HEAD OF KHALIL'S OWN UMMA (INDEPENDENCE) PARTY. HE IS CONSIDERED PRO-WESTERN. ABDUL RAHMAN IS THE SON OF THE FAMED MAHDI MOHAMMED AHMED, WHO IN 1883 LED THE DERVISH REVOLT AGAINST EGYPT AND BRITAIN. THE OTHER RELIGIOUS LEADER IS ALI MIRGHANI, HEAD OF THE KHATMIA SECT. ONCE PRO-NASSER, HE SPLIT WITH EGYPTIAN ELEMENTS THREE YEARS AGO.

GEN. ABOUD BROADCAST A PROMISE THE ARMY WOULD GUARANTEE SECURITY THROUGHOUT THE NATION OF 9 TO 10 MILLION PEOPLE. HE PLEDGED EFFORTS TO IMPROVE RELATIONS WITH "OUR SISTER STATE, THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC," AND TO ATTEMPT TO RESOLVE OUTSTANDING PROBLEMS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES. BUT THESE PROBLEMS GO DEEP.

EGYPT AND THE SUDAN HAVE FOR SOME TIME BEEN IN DISAGREEMENT OVER DISTRIBUTION OF NILE RIVER WATERS, PARTICULARLY IN VIEW OF EGYPT'S PLANS TO BUILD A HIGH ASWAN DAM. THE RIVER RUNS THROUGH SUDAN BEFORE IT REACHES EGYPT. IN ADDITION, TRADE AND BORDER DISPUTES HAVE PLAGUED RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO AFRICAN NEIGHBORS.

ONLY TODAY THE CAIRO PRESS HAD CARRIED PREDICTIONS THAT PREMIER KHALIL PLANNED TO GO TO CAIRO TO TALK OVER THESE DIFFERENCES. IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO SAY AT THIS MOMENT WHETHER THE COUP WILL HINDER OR ADVANCE PROSPECTS FOR AGREEMENT.

SOME CONSIDER ABOUD PRO-WESTERN. HE HAS BEEN TO BRITAIN SEVERAL TIMES AND HOLDS THE ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE. HIS COUP SEEMED NEITHER TO SURPRISE NOR DISMAY THE BRITISH.

ABOUD IS A CAREER OFFICER AND A STRANGER TO POLITICS. HIS MILITARY SERVICE DATES BACK 40 YEARS. HE WAS AN ARMY COMRADE OF KHALIL IN WORLD WAR II DAYS DURING CAMPAIGNS AGAINST AXIS FORCES IN LIBYA, ERITREA AND ETHIOPIA.

ABOUD'S FORCES NUMBER ABOUT 12,000, BRITISH-TRAINED AND BRITISH-ARMED. THE ARMY HAS A GOOD REPUTATION FOR FIGHTING QUALITY AND LOYALTY. THE SUDAN BECAME INDEPENDENT JAN. 1, 1956. THE COUNTRY BEFORE THAT HAD BEEN UNDER JOINT BRITISH AND EGYPTIAN CONTROL.

KHALIL HAD BEEN PRIME MINISTER SINCE JULY 1956, WHEN HIS UHMA PARTY JOINED WITH THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC PARTY TO BRING DOWN THE CABINET OF PRO-EGYPTIAN PREMIER ISMAIL AL AZHARI.

FOR THE TIME BEING, AT THE LEAST, THE PARLIAMENTARY DEMOCRACY ENJOYED BY THE COUNTRY SINCE ITS INDEPENDENCE IS AT AN END. THE SUDAN WAS ONE OF THE LAST COUNTRIES OF THE MIDDLE EAST TO RETAIN IT. IT NOW JOINS THE GROWING GROUP OF EASTERN COUNTRIES UNDER MILITARY CONTROL, SUCH AS LEBANON, IRAQ, PAKISTAN AND BURMA.

KHARTOUM BROADCASTS SAID GEN. ABOUD HAS THE SUPPORT OF HIS DEPUTY, MAJ. GEN. AHMED PASHA ABDEL WAHAB, AND INDICATED THE ENTIRE ARMY WAS BEHIND HIM.

UPON TAKING OVER, ABOUD, LIKE THE LEADERS OF MILITARY COUPS ELSEWHERE, PICTURED THE COUNTRY AS RIDDEN WITH POLITICAL CORRUPTION. THUS, HE SAID, IT WAS NECESSARY FOR THE ARMY TO TAKE OVER, "HOPEFUL THAT OUR ACTION MAY MARK A TURNING POINT FROM CORRUPTION TO STABILITY AND HONESTY."

UM248PES

A15

WITH BUDGET (450)

UNDATED SUDANESE INTERPRETIVE

BY WILLIAM L. RYAN

AP FOREIGN NEWS ANALYST.

IN THE PARADOXICAL POLITICS OF THE MIDDLE EAST, THE MILITARY COUP IN SUDAN MAY REPRESENT A GAIN FOR THE WEST AND A DEFEAT FOR GAMAL ABDEL NASSER.

THE WHOLE ARAB EAST SEEMS INVOLVED. SOON THE CLEAR LINES OF TWO OPPOSING CAMPS MAY EMERGE, ONE DOMINATED BY NASSER AND HIS UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC, THE OTHER LED BY THE NEW REVOLUTIONARY REGIME IN IRAQ.

LIKE MOST MILITARY COUPS, THE ONE IN SUDAN REFLECTED DESPERATION. IT CONCEIVABLY CAN STRENGTHEN POLITICAL LEADERS LIKE THE HEAD OF THE SHAKY IRAQI REGIME AND THE PRESIDENT OF TUNISIA -- MEN WHO SEEK TO AVOID CAIRO'S TOTAL DOMINATION OF THE ARAB EAST.

QUICK SUPPORT FOR THE COUP FROM THE SUDAN'S PRINCIPAL RELIGIOUS LEADERS SEEMED TO INDICATE THE INTENTIONS OF THE NEW REGIME. RELIGION PLAYS A DOMINANT ROLE IN THE POLITICS OF THE SUDAN, WHICH IS 75 PER CENT MOSLEM.

GEN. IBRAHIM ABOUD, THE ARMY COMMANDER IN CHIEF WHO SEIZED POWER, HAS THE SUPPORT OF THE TWO MAIN SUDANESE SECTS. ONE OF THESE IS THE ANSARI, HEADED BY ABDUL RAHMAN EL MAHDI, PROBABLY FIRMLY AGAINST EGYPTIAN DOMINATION.

THE OTHER SECT LEADER, ALI MIRGHANI OF THE KHATHIA, ONCE WAS PRO-EGYPTIAN. BUT THREE YEARS AGO HE SPLIT WITH PRO-EGYPTIAN FORCES IN A QUARREL WITH FORMER PREMIER ISMAIL AL AZHARI, HEAD OF THE NATIONAL UNITY PARTY. AL AZHARI, DEMANDING CLOSE TIES WITH EGYPT, HAD BEEN THE

CHIEF RIVAL OF THE NEWLY DEPOSED PREMIER KHALIL.

KHALIL HIMSELF REPRESENTED AN ELEMENT WHICH DISTRUSTED THE EGYPTIANS AND VIEWED IRAQ AS A LIKELY SPOKESMAN FOR ARAB EAST AFFAIRS.

GEN. ABOUD, LEADER OF THE NEW MILITARY REGIME, IS AN OLD ARMY COMRADE OF KHALIL. IT HAS BEEN DEMONSTRATED MANY TIMES THAT IN THE ARAB EAST SUCH FRIENDSHIPS DO NOT MEAN MUCH IN POLITICS.

WHAT APPEARS TO HAVE HAPPENED IS THIS: THE SUDAN'S MILITARY LEADERS WERE WORRIED AT THE REGIME'S PROGRESSIVELY FAILING RESISTANCE TO CAIRO PRESSURES. EGYPTIAN PROPAGANDA, KEYED TO SLOGANS OF NATIONALISM AND ARAB UNITY, HAD MADE SIGNIFICANT PROGRESS. PREMIER KHALIL SEEMED ON THE WAY TOWARD SOME SORT OF ACCOMMODATION WITH NASSER.

THUS ONE MORE GOVERNMENT, PARLIAMENTARY IN FORM, HAS PASSED AWAY. BUT IN THE ARAB EAST, PARLIAMENTARY DEMOCRACY IS MORE FORM THAN SUBSTANCE. SUCH ECONOMICALLY AND SOCIALLY BACKWARD COUNTRIES OFFER LITTLE OPPORTUNITY FOR DEVELOPMENT OF ANYTHING REMOTELY APPROACHING DEMOCRACY AS IT IS KNOWN IN THE WEST.

IT IS ALWAYS DANGEROUS TO LEAP TO CONCLUSIONS CONCERNING SUDDEN POLITICAL EXPLOSIONS IN THE ARAB EAST. IRAQ DEMONSTRATED THAT. ITS REVOLUTION LAST JULY SEEMED AT FIRST BLUSH AN EXTREMIST, PRO-NASSER ERUPTION. EVENTS LATER SHOWED THAT THE NEW REGIME ACTUALLY WAS PARRYING EXTREME NASSER PRESSURES AND TRYING TO STEER A REASONABLY INDEPENDENT COURSE.

WITH THE STORMY PRO-EGYPTIAN ELEMENTS IN THE SUDAN EFFECTIVELY MUZZLED UNDER STATE OF SIEGE CONDITIONS, THE MILITARY REGIME MAY BE ABLE TO KEEP NASSER AND THE FERVID ADVOCATES OF TOTAL ARAB UNITY AT ARMS LENGTH.

UM316PES

A91

FIRST LEAD SUDAN (160)

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, NOV 17 (AP)--ANOTHER MIDDLE EASTERN PARLIAMENTARY DEMOCRACY WENT INTO ECLIPSE TODAY WHEN ARMY COMMANDER GEN. IBRAHIM ABOUD SEIZED POWER IN A MILITARY COUP IN SUDAN.

KHARTOUM RADIO SAID ABOUD DISSOLVED PARLIAMENT, CANCELED THE SUDAN'S PROVISIONAL CONSTITUTION AND DECLARED A STATE OF EMERGENCY THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

AT NOON, THE OFFICIAL SUDAN RADIO BROADCAST THAT ALL WAS QUIET, WITH THE POPULATION CARRYING ON AS USUAL. THE BROADCAST SAID ARMY UNITS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE SPRAWLING AFRICAN NATION REPORTED ALL QUIET.

BROADCASTS CLAIMED A WIDE MEASURE OF SUPPORT FOR THE ABOUD COUP. THE GENERAL WAS SUPPORTED BY HIS DEPUTY COMMANDER, MAJ. GEN. AHMED PASHA ABDEL WAHAB, AND SO FAR AS CAN BE DETERMINED HERE HAD THE BACKING OF THE ENTIRE ARMY.

THE TWO OFFICERS IMMEDIATELY CALLED ON SUDAN'S TWO TOP RELIGIOUS LEADERS, WHO ARE POWERFUL POLITICAL FIGURES AS WELL--ABDEL RAHMAN EL MAHDI, LEADER OF THE ANSARI SECT, AND ALI MIRGHANI, LEADER OF THE KHATHIA SECT. THE RADIO SAID BOTH THESE LEADERS BLESSED THE COUP. IF THIS IS TRUE THE MILITARY JUNTA ALREADY IS GUARANTEED SOLID POPULAR BACKING.

THE COUP UNSEATED THE PRO-WESTERN GOVERNMENT OF PREMIER ABDULLAH KHALIL.

THE ARMY MADE ITS MOVE AT 2 A.M.

TROOPS SPREAD OUT THROUGH KHARTOUM AND OTHER MAIN TOWNS OF THE REPUBLIC, AN AREA OF ALMOST A MILLION SQUARE MILES WITH 10 MILLION POPULATION.

SUDANESE POLITICAL PARTIES WERE ORDERED DISSOLVED. ALL NEWSPAPERS WERE SUSPENDED. TELEPHONE COMMUNICATIONS WERE INTERRUPTED. DEMONSTRATIONS AND POLITICAL MEETINGS WERE PROHIBITED.

30.24- 5263

AT 7 A.M. GEN. ABOUD ANNOUNCED IN A RADIO BROADCAST THAT THE ARMY WILL PRESERVE PEACE AND SECURITY. HE PROMISED TO DO HIS BEST TO ACHIEVE GOOD RELATIONS WITH PRESIDENT NASSER'S UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

HE SAID PRESENT PROBLEMS BETWEEN SUDAN AND EGYPT -- WHICH HAVE BEEN FEUDING MUCH OF THE TIME SINCE SUDAN WON INDEPENDENCE IN 1956--ARE ARTIFICIAL AND THAT THE ARMY WILL SOLVE THEM ON THE BASIS OF MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING. HE DESCRIBED EGYPT AS A SISTER COUNTRY.

HOWEVER, INDICATIONS ARE THAT, IF MAHDI BLESSED THE COUP, ABOUD DOES NOT INTEND TO CHANGE SUDAN'S POLICY DRASTICALLY. THE ANSARI SECT LEADER HAS BEEN A BACKER OF KHALIL. AND HIS SON, SIDDIQ MAHDI, WAS LEADER OF KHALIL'S UMMA PARTY, WHICH HAS A STRONG PRO-WESTERN REPUTATION.

ON THE OTHER HAND, ALY MIRGHANI OF THE KHATMIA SECT HAS HAD STRONG PRO-EGYPTIAN SYMPATHIES IN THE PAST, ALTHOUGH HE HAS BACKED AWAY FROM UNITY WITH EGYPT.

(BRITISH GOVERNMENT SOURCES IN LONDON VIEWED THE COUP AS AN ARMY BID TO STALL A POLITICAL RECONCILIATION WITH NASSER'S GOVERNMENT.)

IN WASHINGTON, U.S. AUTHORITIES ALSO SAID INITIAL REPORTS INDICATE THE COUP IS NOT A MOVE TO LINK THE SUDAN MORE CLOSELY WITH NASSER'S POLICIES.

ABOUD WAS VIEWED AS "A PRETTY SOLID SOLDIER" UNLIKELY TO LEAD HIS GOVERNMENT TOWARD ANY SPECIFIC BLOC.

HIS TALK ABOUT CLOSER ARAB TIES WAS DISMISSED AS THE USUAL REMARKS BY AN ARAB LEADER UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES. OFFICIALS SAID THE REMARKS DID NOT AUTOMATICALLY MEAN THE NEW REGIME WAS PRO-NASSER.

GEN. ABOUD, 58, IS A CAREER OFFICER WHO NEVER BEFORE DABBLED IN POLITICS, SUDANESE EMBASSY OFFICIALS SAID. HIS MILITARY SERVICE DATES BACK 40 YEARS.

THE COUP LEADER WAS BORN OCT. 26, 1900. HE WAS GRADUATED FROM THE OLD MILITARY COLLEGE IN KHARTOUM JULY 1, 1918. HE HAS MADE SEVERAL TRIPS ABROAD, BUT NEVER RECEIVED MILITARY TRAINING OUTSIDE THE SUDAN. HE WAS PROMOTED TO THE RANK OF GENERAL JAN. 1, 1957.

IN WORLD WAR II, WHEN THE TERRITORY WAS STILL UNDER JOINT RULE OF BRITAIN AND EGYPT, ABOUD SERVED WITH THE SUDAN DEFENSE FORCE IN THE ERITREAN, ETHIOPIAN AND LIBYAN CAMPAIGNS. IN THESE THE SUDANESE FOUGHT BRILLIANTLY AGAINST AXIS FORCES THAT USUALLY OUTNUMBERED THEM.

A COMRADE IN ARMS IN THOSE CAMPAIGNS WAS BRIG. ABDULLAH KHALIL, WHOM ABOUD DEPOSED TODAY AS PREMIER.

THE OVERTHROW OF THE KHALIL REGIME CAME AS NASSER AND THE SUDANESE GOVERNMENT WERE TRYING TO PATCH UP LONG-STANDING DIFFERENCES OVER DIVISION OF THE NILE WATERS, THEIR FRONTIERS, AND TRADE MATTERS.

THE CAIRO PRESS TODAY CARRIED PREDICTIONS THAT KHALIL WOULD ARRIVE IN CAIRO THURSDAY AT THE HEAD OF A DELEGATION FOR OFFICIAL TALKS TO SETTLE THESE DIFFERENCES. BOTH EGYPTIAN AND SUDANESE SOURCES IN CAIRO WERE PREDICTING SUCCESS FOR THE TALKS.

WHETHER ABOUD'S COUP WOULD HELP OR HINDER AN AGREEMENT COULD NOT BE DETERMINED IMMEDIATELY.

THE SUDANESE PARLIAMENT WAS SCHEDULED TO MEET LATER THIS MONTH, AND BOTH SIDES HAD EXPRESSED HOPE THAT AN AGREEMENT WOULD BE READY FOR RATIFICATION BY THAT TIME.

ABOUD'S MILITARY COUP UPSET ONE OF THE FEW PARLIAMENTARY DEMOCRACIES LEFT IN THE MIDDLE EAST. SUDAN OBTAINED INDEPENDENCE FROM JOINT BRITISH-EGYPTIAN CONTROL JAN. 1, 1956, AND SINCE THEN HAD MAINTAINED A PARLIAMENTARY SYSTEM. THE GOVERNMENT HAD SIDED CONSISTENTLY WITH THE WEST AND FREQUENTLY HAD BEEN EMBROILED IN DISPUTES WITH NASSER'S REGIME.

LIKE OTHER MILITARY CHIEFS WHO HAVE SEIZED POWER IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND ASIA RECENTLY, ABOUD ACCUSED HIS COUNTRY'S POLITICAL LEADERS OF CORRUPTION AND DISSENSION WHICH HAD HAMSTRUNG GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS. HIS RADIO STATEMENT SAID:

"YOU SHOULD ALL KNOW TO WHAT EXTENT OUR COUNTRY HAS REACHED IN CORRUPTION. IT HAS REACHED INTO GOVERNMENT MACHINERY AND ALL AUTHORITIES WITHOUT EXCEPTIONS. ALL THIS IS DUE TO A POLITICAL CRISIS WHICH STANDS BETWEEN ALL POLITICAL PARTIES."

"AS TO THE U.A.R.," HE CONTINUED, "WE SHALL DO OUR BEST TO IMPROVE RELATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES, TO SOLVE ALL PENDING PROBLEMS AND REMOVE FABRICATED DISSENSION."

KHALIL BECAME PRIME MINISTER IN JULY 1956 WHEN HIS UMMA PARTY FORMED A COALITION WITH THE PEOPLES' DEMOCRATIC PARTY TO BRING DOWN THE OLD CABINET OF PRO-EGYPTIAN ISMAIL AZHARI.

IN ELECTIONS LAST SPRING THE UMMA WON THE BIGGEST BLOC OF SEATS IN PARLIAMENT AND KHALIL AGAIN FORMED A GOVERNMENT.

THERE HAS BEEN NO INDIVIDUAL HEAD OF STATE OR PRESIDENT IN THE SUDAN, BUT A SOVEREIGNTY COUNCIL MADE UP OF ELDER STATESMEN HAS FUNCTIONED PENDING THE DRAFTING OF A CONSTITUTION.

LITTLE IS KNOWN IN CAIRO ABOUT ABOUD EXCEPT THAT HE IS THE SECOND MAN TO HOLD THE OFFICE OF COMMANDER IN CHIEF SINCE SUDAN BECAME INDEPENDENT. HE COMMANDS A FIGHTING FORCE ESTIMATED AT 10,000 TO 12,000 MEN, BRITISH TRAINED AND BRITISH ARMED, WHICH HAS A HIGH MORALE AND WHOSE FIGHTING CAPACITIES ARE HELD IN HIGH REGARD.

VISITORS TO CAIRO FROM SUDAN LAST JULY, SOON AFTER THE MILITARY COUP IN BAGHDAD THAT OVERTHREW IRAQ'S PRO-WESTERN ROYAL GOVERNMENT, SAID A PRO-NASSER REVOLT HAD BEEN ATTEMPTED IN SUDAN, TOO, BUT HAD BEEN NIPPED BY THE AUTHORITIES. NO DETAILS WERE EVER OBTAINED.

BESIDES THE COUPS IN SUDAN AND IRAQ, MILITARY GOVERNMENTS IN RECENT WEEKS HAVE TAKEN OVER IN TWO ASIAN COUNTRIES, PAKISTAN AND BURMA. THAILAND'S MILITARY GOVERNMENT ALSO RECENTLY ABOLISHED THE PARLIAMENT IN THAT ASIAN KINGDOM.

IMPROVED RELATIONS BETWEEN SUDAN AND THE U.A.R. HAVE BECOME URGENTLY NECESSARY FOR NASSER BECAUSE OF HIS PLANS TO PUSH WORK ON THE ASWAN HIGH DAM ON THE NILE, FOR WHICH RUSSIA HAS AGREED TO LEND HIM 400 MILLION RUBLES. AT THE RUSSIAN RATE OF EXCHANGE THIS IS ABOUT 100 MILLION DOLLARS.

THE DAM WOULD FLOOD PARTS OF SUDAN TERRITORY, AND KHALIL'S GOVERNMENT HAD BALKED AT AGREEMENT WITH THE EGYPTIANS ON COMPENSATION FOR THE FLOODED LANDS AND ON DIVISION OF THE NILE WATERS WHICH WOULD BE IMPOUNDED.

THE SUDANESE GOVERNMENT HAD PLANS OF ITS OWN TO BUILD IRRIGATION WORKS FARTHER UP ON THE BLUE NILE. KHALIL HAS BEEN ACCUSED BY THE NASSER GOVERNMENT OF VIOLATING THE 1929 AGREEMENT GRANTING EGYPT 48 PER CENT OF THE NILE'S WATER AND SUDAN 5 PER CENT. IN ANSWER THE SUDANESE GOVERNMENT ABROGATED THE AGREEMENT.

THE MIDDLE EAST NEWS AGENCY QUOTED A TRAVELER RETURNING FROM KHARTOUM AS SAYING ARMORED CARS ENCIRCLED THE SUDANESE CAPITAL AND THAT HE SAW A SUDANESE ARMY UNIT TAKING OVER KHARTOUM AIRPORT. THE AGENCY SAID KHARTOUM REPORTS INDICATED THAT THE SUDANESE ARMED FORCES AND SECURITY FORCES TOOK PART IN THE COUP.

KHARTOUM RADIO SAID TWO OF THE COUNTRY'S CHIEF RELIGIOUS LEADERS BLESSED THE COUP WHEN ABOUD CALLED ON THEM AFTER TAKING POWER. THE TWO ARE ABDEL RAHMAN EL MAHDI, LEADER OF THE ENSARI SECT, AND ALY EL MIRGHANI, HEAD OF THE KHATMIA SECT. THE TWO SECTS CLAIM MORE THAN SEVEN MILLION OF SUDAN'S 15 MILLION PEOPLE.

BJ755AES

1958

A107

WITH CAIRO (320)
BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, NOV. 17 (AP)--GEN. IBRAHIM ABOUD'S SEIZURE OF POWER IN THE SUDAN WAS SEEN HERE TODAY AS AN ARMY BID TO STALL A POLITICAL RECONCILIATION WITH THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

OFFICIAL REPORTS OF THE ARMY COMMANDER IN CHIEF'S COUP D'ETAT CAME AS NO SURPRISE TO THE BRITISH, WHO HAD BEEN EXPECTING THE FALL OF THE KHARTOUM GOVERNMENT FOR DAYS.

THE OUSTED AND AILING PRIME MINISTER, ABDULLAH KHALIL, HAD BEEN CONSIDERED A FRIEND OF THE WEST. SEVERAL TIMES HE HAD STOOD UP TO U.A.R. PRESIDENT NASSER -- LAST YEAR PARTICULARLY IN A PERILOUS BORDER DISPUTE WHICH BROUGHT TROOPS OF THE TWO NEIGHBOR COUNTRIES WITHIN RIFLE SHOT OF EACH OTHER.

BUT LATELY KHALIL HAS BEEN UNDER STIFF PRESSURE FROM POLITICAL GROUPS WITHIN HIS OWN COALITION GOVERNMENT TO MOVE CLOSER TO CAIRO. OVER THE WEEKEND PARTICULARLY, THE COLLAPSE OF THE COALITION GOVERNMENT HAD BEEN THREATENED BY PRO-NASSER ELEMENTS.

IT WAS IN THIS SITUATION THAT ABOUD ACTED SWIFTLY TO SEIZE POWER. THE COUP TOOK PLACE AGAINST A BACKGROUND OF NEGOTIATIONS IN CAIRO AIMED AT PRODUCING A BASIS FOR SETTLING PROBLEMS BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES, INCLUDING:

1. DISTRIBUTION OF NILE RIVER WATERS WITH THE RELATED PROBLEMS OF THE PROJECTED ASWAN HIGH DAM AND THE SUDAN'S OWN IRRIGATION SCHEMES.

2. VARIOUS BORDER DISPUTES.

THE SUDAN RECENTLY HAD REPUDIATED ITS EXISTING NILE WATERS DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENT WITH THE U.A.A. A SETTLEMENT OF THE PROBLEM NOW WOULD HAVE OPENED THE WAY FOR U.A.R. PRESIDENT NASSER'S PLAN TO BUILD THE ASWAN DAM WITH RUSSIAN HELP.

KHALIL'S COALITION CONSISTED OF HIS OWN UMMA PARTY AND THE PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC PARTY. THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY DISAPPROVED OF KHALIL'S PARTIALITY TOWARD THE WEST AND HOSTILITY TOWARD NASSER.

AS A RESULT OF THE THREAT TO THE GOVERNMENT KHALIL HAD BEGUN TALKS TO FORM AN ALL-PARTY NATIONAL GOVERNMENT. HE ALSO PLANNED TO VISIT CAIRO FOR TALKS WITH NASSER. WITH THAT IN MIND OVER THE WEEKEND HE POSTPONED REASSEMBLY OF THE SUDANESE PARLIAMENT, WHICH WAS TO HAVE MET TODAY.

ABOUD IS THOUGHT HERE TO BE SYMPATHETIC TO BRITISH IDEAS. HE HAS VISITED THIS COUNTRY SEVERAL TIMES.

JJ955AES

A110 370

UNDATED SUDAN DESCRIPTIVE
BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

THE SUDAN -- ONE THIRD THE SIZE OF THE UNITED STATES -- STANDS AT A STRATEGIC AFRICAN CROSSROADS LINKING THE ARAB EAST AND NEGROID SOUTH.

STRETCHING FROM THE RED SEA TO THE SAHARA, THE NATION, OF AN ESTIMATED NINE MILLION PEOPLE, WON INDEPENDENCE IN JAN. 1, 1956 AFTER A CENTURY OF EGYPTIAN DOMINATION AND LATER 57 YEARS OF JOINT BRITISH-EGYPTIAN RULE.

AGE-OLD CARAVAN ROUTES -- USED BY THE ALLIES IN MOVING SUPPLIES IN WORLD WAR II -- STILL FORM AN IMPORTANT CHAIN OF COMMUNICATION BETWEEN SUNBAKED MUD CITIES.

KHARTOUM, THE CAPITAL, IS A MODERN CITY OF PALM GROVES, FLOWER GARDENS AND WIDE PAVED STREETS WITH A POPULATION OF 71,400.

THE NATION IS SHARPLY DIVIDED -- BY COLOR, CUSTOM AND RELIGION AND GEOGRAPHICALLY BETWEEN THE NORTHERN DESERT COUNTY AND RAINY SOUTH. IT IS A LAND OF SCRUBLAND, TROPICAL FORESTS, PLAINS AND DESERT.

THE SIX MILLION DARK-SKINNED MOSLEM ARABS WHO CLING TO THE GREEN BANKS OF THE NILE RULE FROM THE MORE HIGHLY DEVELOPED NORTH. THE SOUTH IS POPULATED LARGELY BY 2,500,000 NEGROID TRIBESMEN, MANY PAGAN, AND NOMADIC HERDSMEN WHO WANDER THE PLAINS DRIVING THEIR HUMP-BACKED ZEBU CATTLE.

THERE WERE ONLY 8,594 EUROPEANS AND AMERICANS IN SUDAN AT THE LATEST CENSUS.

BRITISH AND EGYPTIAN TROOPS PULLED OUT OF THE SUDAN LATE IN 1955 BUT PRESIDENT GAMAL ABDUL NASSER HAS WAGED A CAMPAIGN SINCE TO BRING THE NEW REPUBLIC UNDER HIS WING.

NILE WATER IS THE REASON EGYPT HAS BEEN PRESSING FOR "UNITY OF THE NILE VALLEY," MEANING EGYPTIAN CONTROL OVER THE COUNTRY.

THE SUDAN, MEMBER OF BOTH THE UNITED NATIONS AND ARAB LEAGUE, STEADFASTLY MAINTAINED AN INDEPENDENT STATUS AFTER PROCLAIMING THE REPUBLIC.

SUDAN'S STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE IS THAT IT CONTROLS THE UPPER REACHES OF THE NILE, EGYPT'S LIFELINE, AND STRADDLES THE RIVER ROUTE WHICH IS A VITAL HIGHWAY EXTENDING INTO THE HEART OF AFRICA.

THOUGH BOUND BY LANGUAGE, COMMERCE AND RELIGION, SUDAN'S ARABS ARE NOT EGYPTIANS -- AND MANY ARE STILL HOSTILE SINCE THROWING OFF THE YOKE OF EGYPTIAN RULE THAT FOR YEARS MADE THEM VIRTUAL SLAVES.

THE BRITISH MOVED IN TO THE SUDAN ONLY AFTER OPENING THE SUEZ CANAL AND WERE CREDITED WITH MAKING MANY IMPROVEMENTS IN EDUCATION AND PUBLIC WORKS UNTIL WITHDRAWING THREE YEARS AGO.

THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMY DEPENDS LARGELY ON FINE LONG-STAPLE COTTON AND WILD THORN TREES THAT YIELD A RESIN KNOWN AS GUM ARABIC, USED AS A BASE FOR ADHESIVES, MEDICINES AND CANDY. THE SUDAN IS THE WORLD'S LARGEST SOURCE OF THIS RESIN.

WD1014AES

A43

(400)

NIGHT LEAD JORDAN
BY JOSEPH E. DYNAN

AMMAN, NOV. 17 (AP)--KING HUSSEIN SAID TODAY THAT FOR THE SAKE OF ARAB UNITY HE WAS WILLING TO FORGIVE AND FORGET THE ATTACK ON HIS PLANE OVER SYRIA A WEEK AGO.

BUT HE WARNED JORDAN WOULD DEAL WITH THE SITUATION IN A DIFFERENT WAY SHOULD THERE BE ANOTHER SUCH INCIDENT. HE DID NOT ELABORATE.

THE 24-YEAR-OLD KING CONFIRMED REPORTS THAT SOME UNITS OF THE JORDAN ARMY WERE PREPARING TO MOVE AGAINST SYRIA IN ANGER OVER THE ATTACK BUT SAID FORTUNATELY THEY DID NOT DO SO.

HUSSEIN MET FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS IN THE STATE DINING ROOM OF HIS HILLTOP PALACE. THE ROOM WAS RINGED WITH A DOZEN GUARDS ARMED WITH SUB-MACHINEGUNS.

HUSSEIN SAID HE PERSONALLY INTERVENED TO HAVE THE JORDAN GOVERNMENT WITHDRAW A COMPLAINT FILED WITH THE UNITED NATIONS AGAINST THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND WAS WILLING TO CONSIDER THE INCIDENT "WITHIN A PERSONAL SCOPE."

"MY GOVERNMENT COULD HAVE SUBMITTED A CASE TO THE SECURITY COUNCIL," HE SAID. "BUT I THOUGHT SUCH AN ACTION WOULD IMPAIR THE GOOD RESULTS WE ACHIEVED IN COOPERATION WITH OTHER ARAB SISTER STATES AT AN INTERNATIONAL FORUM."

JORDAN, HE SAID, WAS INTERESTED IN WORKING FOR INTER-ARAB UNITY. WITHOUT MENTIONING BY NAME HIS RIVAL, PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE U.A.R., HUSSEIN CRITICIZED "THE POLICY OF OBSTRUCTION STILL OCCUPYING THE MINDS OF SOME ARAB POLITICIANS."

ASKED WHETHER THE U.A.R. HAD EXPRESSED ANY REGRETS ABOUT THE PLANE INCIDENT EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, HUSSEIN REPLIED "NOT THAT I KNOW OF."

30.24- 5265

HUSSEIN, WHO WAS FORCED BACK BY SOVIET-BUILT MIG FIGHTERS OF THE SYRIAN AIR FORCE SHORTLY AFTER TAKING OFF FOR A EUROPEAN VACATION, SAID HE STILL HOPES TO TAKE A VACATION.
THE U.A.R. HAD ACCUSED HUSSEIN OF VIOLATING SYRIAN AIR SPACE BY FLYING OVER THE COUNTRY WITHOUT PERMISSION. THE MIGS CHASED HIM BACK TO THE JORDANIAN BORDER AFTER THE KING'S PILOT DEFIED A DEMAND TO LAND IN DAMASCUS.

HUSSEIN TOLD THE CORRESPONDENTS HE WAS CONVINCED THE SYRIANS KNEW HE WAS ABOARD THE PLANE DESPITE INSISTENCE OF THE SYRIANS THEY WERE UNAWARE HE WAS A PASSENGER.

"THEY COULD HAVE SHOT US DOWN PERHAPS," SAID HUSSEIN, "BUT WE DID NOT GIVE THEM ANY CHANCE TO SHOOT US."

THE KING SAID THE U.N. HAD UNDERTAKEN TO ASSURE HIS MOTHER, BROTHER, SISTER AND DAUGHTER A SAFE FLIGHT OVER U.A.R. TERRITORY ON THEIR RETURN THIS WEEK FROM EUROPE.

HUSSEIN, IN ANSWER TO OTHER QUESTIONS, SAID THERE IS NO NEED FOR BRITISH TROOPS TO RETURN; THAT JORDAN DOES NOT ENSLAVE ANY MILITARY PACT WITH THE UNITED STATES OR BRITAIN AT THIS TIME, AND THAT ANY NEW FOREIGN AID WOULD BE WELCOME AS LONG AS IT DOES NOT RESTRICT JORDAN'S SOVEREIGNTY.

THE YOUNG MONARCH SAID MARTIAL LAW EXISTED IN JORDAN "IN NAME ONLY" AND WOULD BE LIFTED WHEN THE GOVERNMENT WAS CONFIDENT THERE WAS NO FURTHER DANGER OF DISTURBANCES FOMENTED FROM ABROAD.
JS551PES

B42 Q

(140)

ROME, NOV. 17 (AP)-JORDANIAN KING HUSSEIN'S MOTHER AND HIS 3-YEAR-OLD DAUGHTER ARRIVED IN ROME TODAY, EN ROUTE HOME TO AMMAN.

QUEEN MOTHER ZEINE, LITTLE PRINCESS ALIYA, AND THE OTHER FIVE MEMBERS OF THE PARTY CAME BY TRAIN FROM LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND. THEY WILL REMAIN IN ROME SEVERAL DAYS BEFORE TAKING A JORDANIAN AIRLINER FOR THE REST OF THE JOURNEY.

THEY ARE EXPECTED TO FLY BY WAY OF SYRIA.

HUSSEIN ORIGINALLY HAD PLANNED TO JOIN THE FAMILY IN SWITZERLAND FOR A REST AFTER THE TURBULENT SUMMER DURING WHICH BRITISH TROOPS WERE INVITED INTO HIS COUNTRY TO PROTECT HIS THRONE FROM SUBVERSION INSPIRED BY U.A.R. PRESIDENT NASSER. HIS MOTHER WENT TO SWITZERLAND DURING THE CRISIS.

LAST MONDAY HUSSEIN STARTED A VACATION FLIGHT TO EUROPE ACROSS THE U.A.R. PROVINCE OF SYRIA BUT TURNED BACK, CHARGING SYRIAN MIG FIGHTERS TRIED TO FORCE HIM TO LAND.
KM905AES

B94

DAMASCUS, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE ARAB LEAGUE'S BOYCOTT-OF-ISRAEL OFFICE TODAY ANNOUNCED A BAN ON SIX MORE WESTERN FIRMS, INCLUDING THREE AMERICAN FOR ALLEGED VIOLATIONS.

THIS BRINGS THE AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN FIRMS BLACKLISTED IN THE LAST SIX DAYS TO 23. THEY ARE BARRED FROM OPERATING IN OR SENDING THEIR PRODUCTS TO ARAB COUNTRIES.

THE AMERICAN FIRMS BARRED TODAY ARE THE DOW CHEMICAL CO. AND ITS BRANCH, DOW INTERNATIONAL LTD., BOTH OF MIDLAND, MICH.; ROGOSIN INDUSTRIES LTD., OF NEW YORK; AND BEAUNIT MILLS INC., OF NEW YORK.

DF1114PES

A69

BAGHDAD, NOV. 17 (AP)-A FORMER DIRECTOR GENERAL OF IRAQ'S RADIO AND GUIDANCE, STAFF BRIG. MOHSEN MOHAMMED ALI, TODAY WAS SENTENCED TO 15 YEARS AT HARD LABOR BY A MILITARY TRIBUNAL FOR BROADCASTS INSULTING PRESIDENT NASSER OF THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE RADIO STATION, KADHUM ALHAIDERY, RECEIVED FIVE YEARS AT HARD LABOR FOR REWRITING AND READING THE COMMENTS.

COL. KHEDER HAMOUDI, A FORMER MILITARY ATTACHE TO CAIRO, WAS JAILED FOR ONE YEAR FOR ADVISING NOW TO INSULT NASSER.
W752PES

B65 Q 270

CAIRO, NOV. 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER TODAY DENIED THE RUSSIANS CAN GET A STRANGLE HOLD ON THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC'S ECONOMY THROUGH LOANS GRANTED FOR INDUSTRIALIZATION AND THE ASWAN HIGH DAM.

"REPAYMENT OF THESE LOANS BEGINS AFTER FACTORIES START PRODUCTION," NASSER EXPLAINED TO A LEBANESE NEWSMAN IN AN INTERVIEW PUBLISHED IN THE CAIRO NEWSPAPER AL AHRAH.

"THEY ARE TO BE REPAID IN INSTALLMENTS OVER 12 YEARS AT 2 1/2 PER CENT INTEREST," NASSER SAID.

IN CONNECTION WITH THE HIGH DAM LOAN WE BEGIN TO REPAY AFTER THE FIRST STAGE IS COMPLETED, WHICH WILL ENABLE US TO RECLAIM 1,700,000 ACRES. THIS MEANS REPAYMENT WILL BE MADE AFTER AND NOT BEFORE PRODUCTION IS STARTED.

NASSER SAID WORK ON THE HIGH DAM WAS DELAYED BY THE SUEZ CRISIS BUT NOW THE COUNTRY'S ECONOMIC SITUATION HAS IMPROVED TO THE EXTENT "WE ARE ABLE TO SHOULDER THE OBLIGATIONS OF THE HIGH DAM PROJECT."

NASSER SAID 23 MILLION EGYPTIAN POUNDS WORTH OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE IS NEEDED FOR THE FIRST STAGE OF THE HIGH DAM. HE SAID THIS WAS COVERED BY A SOVIET LOAN, INDICATING A RATE OF EXCHANGE AGREED ON WHEREBY 400 MILLION RUBLES IS THE EQUIVALENT TO 23 MILLION POUNDS (AROUND 70 MILLION DOLLARS).
-DASH-

NASSER DID NOT MENTION THE 1955 DEAL BY WHICH HE RECEIVED SOVIET ARMS ESTIMATED BY WESTERN ECONOMIC EXPERTS TO BE WORTH 300 MILLION DOLLARS. HE SAID THEN THAT HE WAS BARTERING EGYPTIAN COTTON AND RICE FOR GUNS.

EGYPTIAN INFORMANTS WILLING TO DISCUSS THE DEAL HAVE SAID IT COSTS EGYPT ABOUT 23 MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR IN COTTON EXPORTS, BUT THEY DO NOT DISCLOSE HOW MANY YEARS THE PAYMENTS ARE TO CONTINUE. EGYPT'S COTTON EXPORTS LAST YEAR TOTALED ABOUT 370 MILLION DOLLARS.
WD1136AES

A69 /69

(170)

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)-PRAVDA TODAY ATTACKED NIKOLAI BULGANIN IN WHAT APPEARED TO BE A DEVELOPING CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE FORMER PREMIER.

THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER FOLLOWED PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV IN LINKING BULGANIN WITH THE SO-CALLED ANTI PARTY GROUP OF V.M. MOLOTOV, GEORGI MALENKOV, LAZAR KAGANOVICH AND DMITRI SHEPILOV.

THE PAPER SAID THE GROUP, INCLUDING BULGANIN, HAD "TRIED TO DELAY THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE SOVIET NATION" AND HAD ATTEMPTED TO LEAD IT AWAY FROM THE "LENINIST ROAD" CHOSEN BY THE 20TH PARTY CONGRESS.

KHRUSHCHEV IN A REPORT TO THE PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE LAST

1958

WEDNESDAY ON THE NEW SEVEN-YEAR ECONOMIC PLAN NAMED BULGANIN AS A MEMBER OF THE ANTIPARTY GROUP FOR THE FIRST TIME.

MOLOTOV, MALENKOV, KAGANOVICH AND SHEPILOV WERE OUSTED FROM THE PARTY LEADERSHIP IN JUNE LAST YEAR. BULGANIN WAS REPORTED TO HAVE SIDED WITH THEM AT FIRST. BUT HE WAS ALLOWED TO REMAIN PREMIER UNTIL LAST MARCH. HE IS NOW REPORTED TO BE AILING AND IN A MINOR ECONOMIC ADMINISTRATIVE POST IN THE NORTHERN CAUCASUS.

THE NEW ATTACKS ON HIM HAVE LED TO SPECULATION HE MAY BE STRIPPED SOON OF HIS MEMBERSHIP IN THE PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE, HIS LAST CLAIM TO IMPORTANCE.

SM140PES

A83

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)-TALKATIVE MEMBERS OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY WERE TOLD TODAY TO KEEP THEIR MOUTS SHUT--ESPECIALLY ABOUT PARTY SECRETS.

THE MAGAZINE PARTY LIFE COMPLAINED ABOUT A LACK OF NECESSARY VIGILANCE AND SAID IT'S AMAZING HOW QUICKLY "SOME DECISIONS OF A PARTY ORGANIZATION BECOME GENERAL KNOWLEDGE."

IT SAID VAST SUMS OF MONEY ARE SPENT IN THE "SECRET WAR OF ESPIONAGE" AGAINST THE SOVIET UNION AND DECLARED THERE IS NO ROOM FOR COMPLACENCY.

"THE BIGGER OUR SUCCESSES," IT SAID, "THE MORE ACTIVE ARE HOSTILITIES AGAINST US."

THE MAGAZINE SAID PARTY MEMBERS WHO DIVULGE SECRETS MUST BE OUSTED FROM PARTY RANKS.

JA839PES

A5

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)-NO COMMENT HAS BEEN OBTAINABLE FROM OFFICIAL SOURCES HERE ON A REPORT PUBLISHED IN NEW YORK TO THE EFFECT THAT EX-PREMIER GEORGI MALENKOV HAS BEEN SHOT DEAD.

THERE WAS SOME SPECULATION AMONG WESTERN DIPLOMATS THAT THE REPORT WAS TIED TO YEAR-OLD RUMORS. PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV, AT ONE POINT AFTER THOSE RUMORS APPEARED, DENIED THAT MALENKOV WAS DEAD.

-DASH-

THE CURRENT REPORT, AS PUBLISHED IN THE NEW YORK SUNDAY NEWS UNDER A LONDON DATELINE, WAS CREDITED TO "INFORMED WHITEHALL (BRITISH GOVERNMENT SECTOR) SOURCES." IT SAID MALENKOV WAS SHOT PREMATURELY BY A SHORT-TEMPERED INTERROGATOR WHEN HE REFUSED TO "COOPERATE" IN AN ASSIGNED ROLE AS STAR WITNESS AT A PURGE TRIAL.

SM213PES

A80 (140)

MOSCOW, NOV. 17 (AP)-B. N. PONOMAREV, SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY WRITER AND MEMBER OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, CLAIMS COMMUNIST PARTIES ARE GROWING STRONGER IN LATIN AMERICA.

IN AN ARTICLE IN THE MAGAZINE COMMUNIST WHICH HE HELPS EDIT, PONOMAREV PUT RED PARTY STRENGTH IN LATIN AMERICA AT 360,000 MEMBERS.

HE SAID IN MANY LATIN AMERICAN COUNTRIES THE STRENGTH OF WORKERS' MOVEMENTS HAS FORCED RELUCTANT GOVERNMENTS TO PERMIT COMMUNIST PARTIES TO EMERGE FROM UNDERGROUND.

PONOMAREV, WHO IS REGARDED AS THE SOVIET UNION'S LIAISON MAN WITH COMMUNIST PARTIES ABROAD, MENTIONED COLOMBIA, VENEZUELA, BRAZIL AND CHILE.

THE WRITER SAID THE U.S. POSITION IN LATIN AMERICA IS STILL STRONG BUT THAT IT HAS STEADILY LOST PRESTIGE.

THE LATIN AMERICANS, HE ADDED, ARE DETERMINED WITH GROWING STRENGTH TO PROTECT THEIR NATIONAL RESOURCES FROM WHAT HE CALLED THE "ASSAULTS OF IMPERIALISTS LED BY THE UNITED STATES."

JA831PES

A28

(230)

BY SPENCER MOOSA

9.59

TAIPEI, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS PEPPERED THE QUEMOY ISLANDS WITH LIGHT, HARASSING GUNFIRE TODAY. *and Kasten Tung on the* THE RED GUNS, SILENT THROUGHOUT SUNDAY, WERE CREDITED WITH FIRING 236 SHELLS AT QUEMOY, LITTLE QUEMOY AND THE TAN ISLETS BETWEEN MIDNIGHT AND 11 A.M. *before dawn Matsus*

VICE ADM. HERBERT H. HOPWOOD, COMMANDER OF THE U.S. PACIFIC FLEET, LEFT TAIPEI FOR HIS HEADQUARTERS AT PEARL HARBOR AND TOLD NEWSMEN THE CRISIS IN THE FORMOSA STRAIT OBVIOUSLY HAD ABATED. *6 P.M.*

HE SAID IT WAS NO LONGER NECESSARY TO KEEP UP AIR PATROLS AT THEIR RECENT TEMPO AND THAT SOME U.S. 7TH FLEET UNITS HAD BEEN SENT TO NEARBY BASES FOR MAINTENANCE. BUT HE WARNED THAT IF THE COMMUNISTS START ANYTHING, "WE HAVE THE CAPABILITY OF SWINGING INTO ACTION WITH WHAT IT TAKES."

IN AN EFFORT TO SQUELCH RUMORS OF PEACE TALKS CIRCULATING IN HONG KONG AND MANILA, VICE PRESIDENT-PREMIER CHEN CHENG IN A STATEMENT REAFFIRMED THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT'S REFUSAL TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE COMMUNIST REGIME.

HE QUOTED RED CHINA LEADER MAO TZE-TUNG AS ONCE HAVING SAID, "WHEN THE STRUGGLE REACHES A CERTAIN STAGE, TAKE THE INITIATIVE TO APPEAL TO THE OPPONENT IN THE NAME OF THE INTERNAL SOLIDARITY AND TO CONCLUDE A PEACE AGREEMENT WITH HIM."

THE SITUATION, CHEN CHENG DECLARED, CALLS FOR THE NATIONALISTS TO HEIGHTEN THEIR VIGILANCE, REAFFIRM THEIR DETERMINATION NOT TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE REDS, BUILD UP THE ARMED FORCES AND "BE PREPARED TO DEAL THE ENEMY A SEVERE BLOW WHATEVER HIS NEXT MOVE MAY BE."

ED/WH441AFC

A39WX

(500) AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD SOVIET

BY WARREN ROGERS JR.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES HAS WARNED RUSSIA TO QUIT HARASSING AMERICAN PLANES IN INTERNATIONAL AIRSPACE OR FACE THE CONSEQUENCES.

WHAT MIGHT HAPPEN WAS NOT SPELLED OUT.

A STERN U.S. NOTE, DELIVERED TO THE KREMLIN NOV. 13 AND MADE PUBLIC TODAY, CITED TWO INCIDENTS OCCURRING ON NOV. 7:

1. A U.S. PLANE FLYING OVER THE BALTIC SEA, ABOUT 66 MILES FROM THE NEAREST SOVIET TERRITORY, WAS FIRED ON TWICE WITHOUT WARNING BY SOVIET FIGHTER PLANES.

2. A FEW HOURS LATER, ANOTHER U.S. PLANE WAS INTERCEPTED THREE TIMES BY SOVIET FIGHTERS IN THE SEA OF JAPAN 64 MILES FROM THE SIBERIAN COAST AND ABOUT 300 MILES NORTH OF VLADIVOSTOK. NO SHOTS WERE FIRED BUT THE SOVIETS "MADE SIMULATED ATTACKS" AS CLOSE AS 100 FEET.

THE U.S. PROTEST SAID IN NEITHER CASE DID THE AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OPEN FIRE. BUT IT ADDED:

"IF SUCH DANGEROUS TACTICS ARE IN THE FUTURE REPEATED BY SOVIET AIRCRAFT IN CLOSE PROXIMITY TO AMERICAN AIRCRAFT IN INTERNATIONAL AIRSPACE, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE AWARE THAT COMMANDERS OF AMERICAN AIRCRAFT WILL BE UNDER INSTRUCTIONS TO TAKE ANY DEFENSIVE ACTION WHICH THEY CONSIDER NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE."

"THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT EXPECTS THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT TO TAKE MEASURES WITHOUT DELAY TO STOP THIS INTERFERENCE WITH AMERICAN AIRCRAFT."

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"THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT BEARS FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSEQUENCES OF ANY CONTINUATION OF THIS ACTIVITY."
AT THE PENTAGON, THE AIR FORCE IDENTIFIED BOTH U.S. PLANES AS RB47S, THE CAMERA-EQUIPPED VERSIONS OF THE JET MEDIUM BOMBER. THE PENTAGON SAID THE PLANES, ONE OPERATING FROM A BASE IN ENGLAND AND THE OTHER FROM A BASE IN JAPAN, WERE ON "ROUTINE NAVIGATION FLIGHTS."

THE PLANES WERE NOT DAMAGED AND NO MEMBERS OF THE CREWS WERE INJURED, THE AIR FORCE SAID.

RECONNAISSANCE BOMBERS NORMALLY ARE ARMED WITH TWO 20-MILLIMETER CANNONS IN THE TAIL.

AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS HERE SAID IT DID NOT KNOW WHY THE AMERICAN PLANES WITHHELD THEIR FIRE. OFFICIALS SAID THAT UNDER STANDING PROCEDURE IT IS UP TO THE INDIVIDUAL AIRPLANE COMMANDER TO DECIDE WHEN TO SHOOT.

THE RB47 BOEING RECONNAISSANCE PLANE IS POWERED WITH SIX JET ENGINES, HAS A SPEED OF OVER 600 MILES PER HOUR AND CAN OPERATE AT ALTITUDES ABOVE 40,000 FEET.

ITS CAMERA EQUIPMENT INCLUDES DEVICES FOR TAKING PICTURES AT FIXED INTERVALS ALONG THE ROUTE.

TODAY'S WAS THE SECOND U.S. NOTE TO MOSCOW THIS MONTH INVOLVING AIR INCIDENTS.

FOUR DAYS AGO A U.S. NOTE REJECTED A SOVIET COMPLAINT THAT A NAVY PATROL PLANE VIOLATED SOVIET AIRSPACE IN THE BERING STRAIT. THE RUSSIANS HAD CHARGED THAT THE PLANE FLEW THREE TIMES OVER RUSSIA'S CHUKOTSK PENINSULA AND RATMANOV (BIG DIOMEDE) ISLAND ON SEPT. 30.

THE U.S. REPLY SAID THE ONLY U.S. AIRCRAFT IN THE AREA ON SEPT. 30 WAS A NAVY PATROL PLANE OPERATING IN INTERNATIONAL AIRSPACE. IT SAID THIS PLANE NEVER FLEW OVER RATMANOV ISLAND OR ANY OTHER SOVIET TERRITORY.

CZ539PES

A56WX

GORE-NUCLEAR (270)

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-SEN. ALBERT GORE (D-TENN) TODAY URGED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO DECLARE A THREE-YEAR MORATORIUM ON ALL UNITED STATES TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS ABOVE GROUND.

GORE, A MEMBER OF THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE, OUTLINED HIS PROPOSAL AT A 45-MINUTE CONFERENCE WITH THE PRESIDENT.

HE DECLINED TO DESCRIBE EISENHOWER'S REACTION, BUT SAID THE PRESIDENT "COULDN'T HAVE BEEN MORE CORDIAL, INTERESTED AND CONSIDERATE."

THE SENATOR ADDED THAT EISENHOWER HAS ASKED HIM TO SUBMIT A DETAILED MEMORANDUM ON HIS PLAN.

GORE, HAS JUST RETURNED FROM GENEVA WHERE HE SERVED AS A DELEGATE AT THE WESTERN POWERS CONFERENCE WITH RUSSIA ON SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS.

HE RETURNED WITH THE CONFERENCE DEADLOCKED AND SAID AT THE WHITE HOUSE THERE HAS BEEN NO PROGRESS AT ALL TOWARD AGREEMENT--NOT EVEN ON PROCEDURE.

EISENHOWER ALREADY HAS PROPOSED A ONE-YEAR SUSPENSION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTING, LINKED TO PROGRESS ON A PROGRAM FOR AN ADEQUATE INSPECTION SYSTEM. THE SOVIET UNION SO FAR HAS REFUSED TO CONSIDER SUCH A PACKAGE, BUT CAME UP TODAY WITH A PROPOSAL FOR SEPARATE TREATIES--ONE FOR A TEST BAN AND THE OTHER FOR INSPECTION--TO BE SIGNED SIMULTANEOUSLY.

GORE SAID HE WANTS A MINIMUM THREE-YEAR MORATORIUM ON ABOVE-GROUND TESTING AS A COUNTERATTACK AGAINST RUSSIAN PROPAGANDA CLAIMING THAT U. S. ATMOSPHERIC TESTS ARE ENDANGERING WORLD HEALTH.

HE SAID THE MORATORIUM HE HAS IN MIND WOULD LEAVE FOR LATER NEGOTIATION CONTROL OF ALL OTHER NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS--UNDERGROUND, SUBOCEANIC, AND OUTER SPACE.

GG655PES

A76WX

NIXON (160)

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. NIXON WILL BE HONORED AT LUNCH BY QUEEN ELIZABETH II AND WILL ENGAGE IN A CROWDED SCHEDULE OF SOCIAL EVENTS AND BUSINESS CONFERENCES DURING THEIR FOUR-DAY VISIT IN LONDON, STARTING NOV. 25.

THE NIXONS' DETAILED ITINERARY WAS ANNOUNCED TODAY BY THE WHITE HOUSE.

THEY WILL LEAVE WASHINGTON BY PLANE NOV. 24, AND ARRIVE IN LONDON THE NEXT MORNING.

ON THE BUSINESS SIDE, NIXON WILL CONFER DURING THE VISIT WITH PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN, WITH LABOR AND TRADE UNION LEADERS, AND WITH BRITISH PUBLISHERS AND EDITORS, AMONG OTHER GROUPS.

THE VICE PRESIDENT AND HIS WIFE WILL BE THE GUESTS OF QUEEN ELIZABETH AT LUNCH IN BUCKINGHAM PALACE ON NOV. 26. THE NEXT EVENING THE NIXON WILL GIVE A DINNER IN HONOR OF THE QUEEN AT THE AMERICAN EMBASSY.

ON THE FINAL DAY OF THE VISIT, NOV. 28, NIXON WILL HOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE AND THEN GIVE A RECEPTION FOR BRITISH NEWSMEN. HE ALSO WILL BE INTERVIEWED ON TELEVISION AND RADIO THAT EVENING.

JA815PES

A115WX

(260) AMERICAS

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-PRESIDENTS OF THREE LATIN AMERICAN NATIONS SAID TODAY THE HEMISPHERE IS IN GRAVE DANGER IF IT CANNOT IMPROVE ITS ECONOMIC SITUATION QUICKLY.

MANUEL PRADO OF PERU, JUSCELINO KUBITSCHKE OF BRAZIL AND CAMILO PONCE ENRIQUEZ OF ECUADOR WERE THE THREE. THEY SAID LIVING STANDARDS WOULD GO DOWN, AND THE HEMISPHERE BECOME AN INCREASING TARGET FOR COMMUNISM IF THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS DO NOT GET CLOSER TOGETHER.

THEIR MESSAGES WERE SENT TO THE FIRST DAY'S FORMAL SESSION OF AN INTER-AMERICAN CONFERENCE ON ECONOMIC COOPERATION. THE MEETING IS KNOWN AS THAT OF THE COMMITTEE OF 21, WITH EACH OF THE HEMISPHERE NATIONS REPRESENTED.

ALFONSO LOPEZ, A FORMER PRESIDENT OF COLOMBIA AND AN ELDER STATESMAN OF THE HEMISPHERE, WAS NAMED PRESIDENT OF THE COMMITTEE.

PERU'S PRESIDENT PRADO SAID IN HIS MESSAGE THAT LATIN AMERICA NEEDS MORE PRIVATE INVESTMENTS AND MORE DEVELOPMENT CAPITAL.

"COMMUNISM'S ATTACK ON THE DEMOCRACY OF THE AMERICAS WILL FAIL IF WE GIVE DEMOCRACY A BASE OF HUMAN WELFARE AND IF WE UNDERSTAND THAT HIGHER LIVING STANDARDS IN EACH COUNTRY IS OF FUNDAMENTAL CONCERN TO ALL THE OTHER COUNTRIES. OTHERWISE, THE FOREIGN ENEMY WILL BECOME AN EVEN GREATER DANGER," PRADO SAID.

PRESIDENT PONCE ENRIQUEZ OF ECUADOR SAID "MILLIONS OF MEN IN THE UNDEVELOPED LANDS OF THE AMERICAS HAVE THEIR FAITH DEPOSITED IN THE RESULTS OF THIS CONFERENCE. WE SHOULD NOT DEFRAUD THEIR FAITH IN OUR DECISION AND WILL TO BUILD FOR THEM A BETTER WORLD."

BRAZIL'S PRESIDENT KUBITSCHKE EXPRESSED HOPE THAT THE JOINT EFFORT HE HAS PROPOSED AS "OPERATION PAN-AMERICAN" WILL BE GIVEN "THE GRANDEUR, THE IMPORTANCE AND THE SIGNIFICANCE I CONSIDER IS SERIOUSLY NEEDED IN THESE TIMES, WITH THEIR DANGERS, AND THEIR CAPACITY TO GENERATE EVENTS."

A FOURTH PRESIDENT, ARTURO FRONDISI OF ARGENTINA, SAID IN HIS MESSAGE:

"ALL THE COUNTRIES OF THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY KNOW THAT THE ESSENTIAL IMPULSE FOR DEVELOPMENT SHOULD BE OUR OWN EFFORT AND OUR OWN DISCIPLINE."

CZ4EG1035PES

A133WX

IKE-BERLIN
WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DISCUSSED SOVIET THREATS AGAINST FREE WEST BERLIN WITH AMBASSADOR DAVID K. E. BRUCE TODAY PRIOR TO THE AMERICAN ENVOY'S RETURN TO BONN.

BRUCE, THE U.S. AMBASSADOR TO WEST GERMANY, AVOIDED WAITING REPORTERS BEFORE AND AFTER HIS CONFERENCE WITH EISENHOWER AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID, HOWEVER, EISENHOWER AND THE AMBASSADOR HAD "OF COURSE" DISCUSSED THE BERLIN SITUATION. HE ADDED THAT THIS WAS NOT A MEETING AT WHICH ANY DECISIONS ON AMERICAN POLICY REGARDING BERLIN WERE MADE.

BRUCE WILL LEAVE FOR GERMANY TOMORROW.

EH1145AES

A145WX

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-ALFONSO LOPEZ, A FORMER PRESIDENT OF COLOMBIA, WAS NAMED PRESIDENT TODAY OF AN INTER-AMERICAN COMMITTEE OF 21 NATIONS STUDYING THE AREA'S ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

THE COLOMBIAN'S ELECTION CAME AS REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 21 NATIONS OPENED A MEETING HERE SEEKING WAYS OF SPEEDING THE HEMISPHERE'S PROGRESS.

THE COMMITTEE OF 21 WAS DECIDED ON AT A MEETING HERE LAST SEPTEMBER OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS OF THE AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

JC1222PES

B20WX Q

(120)

SAWYER

WASHINGTON, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE SUPREME COURT TODAY GRANTED A HEARING TO MRS. HARRIET BOUSLOG SAWYER, HONOLULU ATTORNEY SUSPENDED FROM PRACTICE FOR A YEAR ON A CHARGE OF UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT. HER CASE WILL BE ARGUED LATER IN THE HIGH COURT'S TERM.

THE CHARGES WERE BASED PARTLY ON A SPEECH SHE MADE AT HONOKAA, HAWAII, IN 1952 DURING THE TRIAL IN HONOLULU OF SEVEN PERSONS ACCUSED OF VIOLATING THE SMITH ACT. MRS. SAWYER WAS AMONG DEFENSE COUNSEL AT THE TRIAL. THE CHARGES ALSO INVOLVED AN INTERVIEW IN JUNE, 1953 WITH A TRIAL JUROR AFTER CONVICTION OF THE SEVEN.

MRS. SAWYER'S SUSPENSION WAS AFFIRMED BY THE U.S. CIRCUIT COURT IN SAN FRANCISCO ON JUNE 9, 1958. HER APPEAL TO THE HIGH TRIBUNAL SAID THE SUSPENSION HAD THE EFFECT OF DISBARMENT AND WAS SO ARBITRARY AS TO BE OFFENSIVE TO DUE PROCESS OF LAW REQUIRED BY THE U.S. CONSTITUTION.

MRS. SAWYER WAS ALLEGED TO HAVE SAID IN THE HONOKAA SPEECH THAT HORRIBLE AND SHOCKING THINGS WERE GOING ON AT THE TRIAL OF THE SEVEN, AND THAT A FAIR TRIAL WAS IMPOSSIBLE. CONVICTIONS OF THE SEVEN WERE REVERSED BY THE CIRCUIT COURT ON JAN. 16, 1958.

EH427PES

B65DT Q

AP WORLD SERVICE

DETROIT, NOV. 17 (AP)-THE ITALIAN AMBASSADOR TO THE UNITED STATES SAID TODAY THAT ITALY'S ELECTRO-NUCLEAR POWER PROGRAM IS INADEQUATE TO MEET THE COUNTRY'S FUTURE NEEDS.

MANLIO BROGIO TOLD A MEETING OF THE DETROIT ECONOMIC CLUB THAT THE DEFICIT WILL HAVE TO BE MADE UP WITH IMPORTS OF COAL AND OIL.

"AT THE PRESENT TIME WE HAVE PLANS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THREE ELECTRO-NUCLEAR PLANTS," BROGIO SAID.

"WHEN COMPLETED, THESE PLANTS WILL HAVE A TOTAL YEARLY OUTPUT OF 3.4 BILLION KILOWATT HOURS."

BUT HE ADDED THAT ITALY'S NEED FOR ADDITIONAL POWER WILL BE GREATER THAN THE YIELD FROM THE THREE NEW PLANTS.

BROGIO SAID THAT AFTER 1970 ALL NEW ELECTRIC POWER PLANTS IN ITALY WILL BE POWERED BY NUCLEAR ENERGY.

MU837PES

A127MH

BULLETIN

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE SHOT A MIGHTY ATLAS INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILE INTO SPACE TONIGHT, AIMING THE GREAT 100-TON WAR ROCKET AT A TARGET 3,000 MILES AWAY.

THE ATLAS, WITH ITS THREE POWERFUL ENGINES GENERATING MORE THAN 350 THOUSAND POUNDS OF THRUST, ROARED OFF ITS LAUNCHING PAD AT 11 P.M. (EST, LIGHTING UP THE FLORIDA NIGHT SKY WITH SUCH A BRILLIANT WHITE FLAME THAT NEWSMEN WATCHING FROM THREE MILES AWAY WERE TEMPORARILY DAZZLED.

AFTER CLIMBING VERTICALLY FOR A MINUTE, THE 85-FOOT LONG ATLAS CURVED GRACEFULLY TOWARD THE ~~SOUTHWEST~~ *southeast*.

TWO MINUTES AFTER THE BLASTOFF, THE TWIN BOOSTER ROCKET DROPPED AWAY AND A SUSTAINER ENGINE THAT WAS SET TO PROPEL THE MISSILE UP TO A SPEED OF 15,000 MILES AN HOUR APPARENTLY IGNITED ON SCHEDULE.

FOUR MINUTES AFTER THE ATLAS LEFT THE GROUND IT STILL COULD BE SEEN HANGING IN THE SKY TO THE SOUTHEAST LIKE A STAR.

SOME 30 SECONDS LATER, IT BLINKED OUT OF VIEW.

THE THUNDEROUS LAUNCHING WAS IN MARKED CONTRAST TO THE LAST ATLAS SHOOT SEPT. 18, WHEN ONE OF THE 100-TON ROCKETS BLEW UP 80 SECONDS AFTER LIFTOFF.

THAT WAS THE FIRST ATTEMPT TO SHOOT AN ATLAS ALL THE WAY OVER THE 6,325 MILE INTERCONTINENTAL RANGE.

TONIGHT, THE BULLSEYE WAS JUST 3,000 MILES DOWN THE ATLANTIC OCEAN TEST RANGE.

THIS WAS THE SIXTH EFFORT TO FIRE A FULLY POWERED THREE-ENGINE ATLAS.

IN THE FIVE PREVIOUS TESTS, THREE OF THE ROCKETS "LANDED IN THE PICKLE BARREL," AS MISSILE MEN DESCRIBE A DIRECT HIT ON A PRE-SELECTED TARGET.

TWO OTHERS BLEW UP SHORTLY AFTER FIRING.

THE SPECTACULAR PERFORMANCE BY THE ATLAS FIRED TONIGHT WAS ESPECIALLY GRATEFYING TO ITS CREWMEN BECAUSE THIS PARTICULAR BIRD HAD BEEN PLAGUED BY BAD LUCK.

THREE OTHER EFFORTS TO GET IT OFF THE GROUND HAD BEEN STYMIED BY TECHNICAL DIFFICULTIES.

WHEN THE ATLAS BECOMES OPERATIONAL, IT WILL BE CAPABLE OF DESTROYING ALMOST ANY TARGET ON EARTH.

THE AIR FORCE EXPECTS TO DEVELOP IT TO THE STAGE WHERE IT CAN BE PUT IN THE FIELD BY 1960.

THE ATLAS ALSO HAS BEEN CONSIDERED AS THE BOOSTER FOR HUGE UNITED STATES SATELLITES THAT COULD CIRCLE THE EARTH OR SOAR EVEN TO MARS OR VENUS.

TONIGHT'S FIRING BLASTING BLASTOFF CAME IN THE WAKE OF AN ANNOUNCEMENT BY DEFENSE SECRETARY MCELROY THAT THE LONG RANGE ICBM EVENTUALLY MAY PUSH THE INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILE OUT OF THE DEFENSE PICTURE.

MCELROY SAID THERE COULD BE MORE U. S. CONTROL WITH AN ICBM WHICH COULD BE LAUNCHED FROM BASES WITHIN THIS COUNTRY THAN WITH THE IRBMS, SUCH AS THE ARMY JUPITER AND THE AIR FORCE THOR, WHICH WOULD BE DEPLOYED TO STRATEGIC LOCATIONS ON FOREIGN SOIL.

ZR1127PESNM

A51 (240)

NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)—BERNARD BARUCH, THE FINANCIER WHOSE WISDOM IS SOUGHT BY PRESIDENTS, SAID TONIGHT A "NOTHING CAN BE DONE PHILOSOPHY" COULD BRING ABOUT AMERICA'S DOWNFALL FROM INTERNAL DECAY.

"DOWN DEEP IN OUR HEARTS," BARUCH SAID, "WE KNOW HOW TO COPE WITH INFLATION, HOW TO ASSURE OUR SECURITY, HOW TO OVERCOME ALL THE OTHER DILEMMAS THAT BESET US.

"WE KNOW THAT IT REQUIRES SELF-DISCIPLINE AND THE SUBORDINATION OF PERSONAL INTEREST TO THE NATIONAL INTEREST. WE KNOW THAT IT MEANS UNIVERSAL SELF-SACRIFICE.

"HAVE WE LOST THE STRENGTH OF CHARACTER TO DO THIS? HAVE WE GROWN SO APATHETIC THAT WE WILL NOT ROUSE OURSELVES BEFORE SOME TERRIBLE TRAGEDY OVERWHELMS US? IN TIME OF PERIL, APATHY IS THE UNFORGIVEABLE SIN, THE IRREDEEMABLE ERROR."

BARUCH SPOKE AT A DINNER IN HIS HONOR GIVEN BY B'NAI BRITH. HE RECEIVED THE JEWISH FRATERNAL ORGANIZATION'S PRESIDENT'S MEDAL FROM PHILIP M. KLUTZNICK OF PARK FOREST, ILL., THE PRESIDENT.

KLUTZNICK SAID BARUCH WAS HONORED FOR HIS "CREATIVE WISDOM, HIS SENSE OF PUBLIC SERVICE AND HIS PHILANTHROPY AND HUMANITARIANISM."

A LETTER FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, ADDRESSED TO "DEAR BERNIE," WAS READ BY GEN. ALFRED M. GRUENTHER, PRESIDENT OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

THE LETTER PRAISED BARUCH AS "A GREAT AMERICAN CITIZEN AND A WARM PERSONAL FRIEND."

"FROM THE TIME, ALMOST 30 YEARS AGO, WHEN I WAS A YOUNG MAJOR STRUGGLING WITH A STUDY INVOLVING AN INDUSTRIAL MOBILIZATION PLAN FOR EMERGENCY USE, I BEGAN TO LOOK TO YOU FOR FRIENDLY AND WISE ADVICE AND COUNSEL," EISENHOWER WROTE. "I HAVE NEVER CEASED TO DO SO."

JA836PES

B58 (310)

KX (PHOENIX, ARIZ. REPUBLIC ASKED)
NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)—A FORMER DIRECTOR OF THE UNITED NATIONS' ARAB REFUGEE RELIEF PROGRAM SAID TONIGHT THE EXISTENCE OF THE 900,000 HOMELESS PALESTINIANS "IS POTENTIALLY THE GREATEST SINGLE OBSTACLE TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE AREA."

HENRY R. LABOUISSSE, WHO DIRECTED THE U.N. RELIEF AND WORKS AGENCY (UNRWA) FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS UNTIL HIS RESIGNATION LAST MAY, MADE THE REMARK IN A SPEECH PREPARED FOR A DINNER SPONSORED BY THE AMERICAN COMMITTEE TO BENEFIT ARAB REFUGEES.

"IN MY OPINION," LABOUISSSE SAID, "THE UNRESOLVED PROBLEM OF THE ARAB REFUGEES IS PERHAPS THE MOST IMPORTANT OF ALL THE QUESTIONS THAT TROUBLE THE NEAR EAST--NOT ONLY BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTIES OF MEETING THE DAILY NEEDS OF MORE THAN 900,000 HUMAN BEINGS, BUT ALSO BECAUSE THE VERY EXISTENCE OF THIS REFUGEE POPULATION IS POTENTIALLY THE GREATEST SINGLE OBSTACLE TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PEACE AND STABILITY IN THE AREA."

CHARLES R. MALIK OF LEBANON, PRESIDENT OF THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY, WAS AMONG THE SPECIAL GUESTS AT THE DINNER. ALSO PRESENT WERE ANDREW CORDIER, EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT TO U.N. SECRETARY-GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, AND ABDEL KHALEK HASSOUNA, SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ARAB LEAGUE.

LABOUISSSE SAID "THE AIR OF THE NEAR EAST IS SO CHARGED WITH TENSION AND HATREDS...THAT IT HAS BECOME HARD TO EVEN GRASP THE PLAIN FACTS OF THE REFUGEE PROBLEM."

SOME OF THESE FACTS, AS HE LISTED THEM WERE:

THE U.N. AGENCY HAS HAD LESS THAN \$27 A YEAR TO USE TO TRY TO

30.24- 5269

FEED, CLOTHE AND PROVIDE SHELTER AND MEDICAL CARE FOR EACH REFUGEE.

MOST OF THE REFUGEES ARE IN CAMPS IN JORDAN OR THE DESOLATE GAZA STRIP. OTHERS ARE IN LEBANON AND SYRIA.

ONLY A VERY FEW OF THESE REFUGEES HAVE BEEN ABLE TO FIND JOBS IN ARAB COUNTRIES THAT WOULD SUPPORT THEM. MANY FIND PART-TIME OR SEASONAL WORK, BUT THIS MERELY "HELPS FAMILIES TO SUPPLEMENT UNRWA'S MEAGER DISTRIBUTIONS OF DRY FOOD, OR TO BUY--SECOND HAND--A FEW ITEMS OF CLOTHING. IT DOES NOT ENABLE THEM TO EXIST ON THEIR OWN.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SENT GREETINGS TO THE COMMITTEE, IN WHICH HE CITED LABOUISSSE FOR "DISTINGUISHED HUMANITARIAN SERVICE."

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B32 (SEG (C)

(300)

NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)—GEN. ALBERT C. WEDEMEYER SAYS THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN SHOULD HAVE KEPT OUT OF WORLD WAR II UNTIL SOVIET RUSSIA AND NAZI GERMANY HAD EXHAUSTED EACH OTHER.

ENTERING THE BATTLE OF THE WAR MEMOIRS, WEDEMEYER SLAPS AT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, WINSTON CHURCHILL AND THE ALLIES' ACTIVITIES IN EUROPE AND CHINA.

THE RETIRED FOUR-STAR GENERAL SET FORTH HIS VIEWS IN HIS FIRST BOOK, "WEDEMEYER REPORTS."

BY INSISTING ON THE "OBLITERATION" OF GERMANY, WEDEMEYER SAID, THE ALLIES DESTROYED THE POWER EQUILIBRIUM ON THE CONTINENT AND CONTRIBUTED TO THE PRESENT RUSSIAN MENACE.

ROOSEVELT, PARTLY WITH CHURCHILL'S PRODDING, GOT THE UNITED STATES INTO THE WAR BY "HIS PATENTLY UNNEUTRAL ACTIONS AGAINST GERMANY AND THE FINAL ULTIMATUM TO JAPAN," WEDEMEYER CHARGED.

HE LOOSED ANOTHER SALVO AT CHURCHILL BY CLAIMING THE BRITISH LEADER INFLUENCED ROOSEVELT AGAINST A DIRECT ASSAULT ON HITLER'S FORTRESS EUROPE.

THE ALLIES "LOST A GRAND OPPORTUNITY TO GO ACROSS THE (ENGLISH) CHANNEL IN 1943," WEDEMEYER ASSERTED, AND DECIDED ON A PRELIMINARY DIVERSION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN. THE DIRECT ASSAULT, HE SAID, MIGHT HAVE SHORTENED THE WAR CONSIDERABLY AND CUT DOWN THE CASUALTY TOTALS.

IN 1944, WEDEMEYER WAS SENT TO REPLACE GEN. JOSEPH W. (VINEGAR JOE) STILWELL AS U.S. COMMANDER IN THE CHINA THEATER. WEDEMEYER, IN HIS MEMOIRS, NOTED BITTERLY THAT STILWELL DIDN'T EVEN WAIT FOR HIM TO REPORT.

WEDEMEYER SAID HE FOUND THE CHINESE NATIONALISTS AND COMMUNISTS FIGHTING EACH OTHER HARDER THAN THEY WERE FIGHTING THE JAPANESE, AND BEFORE A JOINT U.S.-CHINESE OFFENSIVE AGAINST JAPAN COULD BE ORGANIZED, THE WAR WAS OVER.

AT YALTA, WEDEMEYER SAID, ROOSEVELT "PROMISED STALIN THAT CHIANG (KAI-SHEK) WOULD BE COMPELLED TO GIVE RUSSIA THE IMPERIALISTIC PRIVILEGES IN MANCHURIA THAT CHINA HAD STRUGGLED 15 YEARS TO DENY JAPAN."

DURING THE POST-WAR PERIOD, THE GENERAL WROTE, THE UNITED STATES ADVOCATED A COALITION BETWEEN THE NATIONALISTS AND THE COMMUNISTS.

EVENTUALLY, WEDEMEYER SAID, THE CHINESE "BECAME SO DISHEARTENED AND DEMORALIZED BY OUR ATTITUDE THAT THEY FINALLY CEASED TO RESIST THE COMMUNISTS."

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B19

NIGHT LEAD WEDEMEYER
NEW YORK, NOV. 17 (AP)-RETIRED GEN. ALBERT C. WEDEMEYER TODAY ADVOCATED REALISTIC COLLECTIVE SECURITY FOR THE FREE WORLD RATHER THAN A WORLD ORGANIZATION.

"I DON'T THINK MANKIND IS READY FOR A WORLD ORGANIZATION," HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE CALLED IN CONNECTION WITH PUBLICATION OF HIS NEW BOOK OF MEMOIRS, "WEDEMEYER REPORTS."

"WE SHOULD RECOGNIZE," HE SAID, "THAT THE SOVIET UNION TODAY IS A DESTRUCTIVE FORCE IN THE WORLD AND ALL LIKE-MINDED NATIONS SHOULD UNITE POLITICALLY, UNITE ECONOMICALLY, UNITE CULTURALLY, UNITE PSYCHOLOGICALLY AND UNITE MILITARILY TO PREVENT THE SPREAD OF THIS SCOURGE."

"REALISTIC COLLECTIVE SECURITY IS INDICATED," HE TOLD WEDEMEYER, 16, RETIRED FROM THE ARMY IN 1951. HE TOLD REPORTERS A CLEAR PROGRAM OF COORDINATED FREE WORLD AIMS "CAN AVOID A REAL WAR."

"WE SHOULD HAVE FLEXIBLE PLANS THAT WILL CHANGE WITH CHANGING CONDITIONS," HE ADDED. "...THE PRINCIPAL THING WE WANT TO DO IS CIRCUMSCRIBE THE ACTIVITIES OF THE SOVIET UNION."

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AMS BUDGET (450)

NIGHT LEAD U.N.

BY MILTON BESSER

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-SENATE MAJORITY LEADER LYNDON JOHNSON TOLD THE U.N. TODAY BOTH THE DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN PARTIES SOLIDLY SUPPORT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S PROPOSAL FOR INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN CONTROL OF OUTER SPACE.

THE TEXAS DEMOCRAT GAVE THE U.N. THAT ASSURANCE IN AN UNPRECEDENTED APPEARANCE BEFORE THE 81-NATION POLITICAL COMMITTEE.

HE CAME HERE AT THE INVITATION OF SECRETARY OF STATE DULLES TO UNDERLINE U.S. SOLIDARITY ON A TOP FOREIGN POLICY ISSUE. IT WAS THE FIRST TIME A LEADER OF THE POLITICAL OPPOSITION HAD ADDRESSED THE U.N., ALTHOUGH THE U.S. DELEGATION INCLUDES BOTH REPUBLICANS AND DEMOCRATS.

JOHNSON, WHO IS AMONG THOSE MENTIONED AS A POSSIBLE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE FOR THE PRESIDENCY IN 1960, TOLD THE COMMITTEE:

"ON THE GOAL OF DEDICATING OUTER SPACE TO PEACEFUL PURPOSES FOR THE BENEFIT OF ALL MANKIND, THERE ARE NO DIFFERENCES WITHIN OUR GOVERNMENT, BETWEEN OUR PARTIES, OR AMONG OUR PEOPLE."

"THE EXECUTIVE AND THE LEGISLATIVE BRANCHES OF OUR GOVERNMENT ARE TOGETHER. UNITED WE STAND."

HE URGED THE U.N. TO SUPPORT THE U.S. PROPOSAL FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF A SPECIAL COMMITTEE TO EXPLORE ALL ASPECTS OF COOPERATION IN PEACEFUL USE OF OUTER SPACE, AND TO REPORT BACK TO NEXT YEAR'S GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HE SAID THE PRINCIPLE OF INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION WAS WRITTEN INTO THE LAW CREATING THE U.S. AGENCY UNDER CIVILIAN CONTROL TO PROMOTE EXPLORATION OF OUTER SPACE.

HE RECALLED THAT THE U.S. CONGRESS HAD ADOPTED UNANIMOUSLY A RESOLUTION ASKING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TO SUBMIT TO THE U.N. THE QUESTION OF INTERNATIONAL CONTROL IN DEDICATING OUTER SPACE SOLELY TO PEACEFUL PURPOSES.

"THIS IS THE AMERICAN DECISION, EXPRESSED FIRMLY IN THE RESOLUTIONS OF POLICY BY THE ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PEOPLE AND ESTABLISHED SOLIDLY BY THEM IN THE CORNERSTONE LAW OF OUR NATION'S SPACE EFFORT," HE SAID.

"THE RESOLUTION BEFORE THIS ASSEMBLY NOW EMBODIES FULLY THE WILL OF THE CONGRESS AND THE WILL OF THE PEOPLE WHOM THE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS

SERVE."

HE SAID THE U.S. RESOLUTION SETS OUT ESSENTIAL FIRST STEPS THAT IF IMPEDED WOULD BLOCK "ALL PROGRESS TOWARD THE GOALS OF PEACE WHICH MEN OF FAITH BELIEVE EXIST IN THE REALMS OF SPACE."

HE DECLARED THAT IT IS TO THE INTEREST OF NATIONS "DEDICATED TO PEACE AND FREEDOM THAT THE OPPORTUNITY OF SPACE NOT BE PERVERTED TO THE END OF AGGRESSION AND CONTROL OVER THE EARTH BY AGGRESSORS."

JOHNSON'S SPEECH WAS SANDWICHED BETWEEN TWO COMMUNIST ATTACKS ON U.S. POLICY. ROMANIAN DELEGATE SILVIU BRUCAN SPOKE BEFORE JOHNSON. K.V. KISELEV, THE BYELORUSSIAN FOREIGN MINISTER, FOLLOWED HIM.

BUT JOHNSON WAS SO BUSY BEING INTRODUCED TO VARIOUS U.N. DELEGATES HE DID NOT HAVE MUCH TIME TO LISTEN. KISELEV COMMENTED THAT JOHNSON'S SPEECH CONTAINED NOTHING NEW.

JOHNSON WAS A GUEST OF HONOR AT A DINNER GIVEN BY U.S. AMBASSADOR HENRY CABOT LODGE, A REPUBLICAN. JOHNSON'S NEXT ASSIGNMENT IN THE FOREIGN FIELD IS A CONFERENCE IN MEXICO CITY WITH PRESIDENT-ELECT ADOLFO LOPEZ MATEOS. HE IS GOING THERE ALSO AT THE INVITATION OF DULLES.

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A6

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-THE ALGERIAN REBEL GOVERNMENT HAS ACCEPTED AN INVITATION FROM THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS TO SEND A DELEGATION TO PEIPING.

M'HAMMED YAZID, MINISTER OF INFORMATION IN THE ALGERIAN PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT, CONFIRMED TODAY THAT TWO CABINET MINISTERS WOULD LEAVE CAIRO SOON FOR PEIPING. THE NAMES OF THE ALGERIAN REPRESENTATIVES AND DATE OF DEPARTURE WILL BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

THE PEIPING REGIME ALREADY HAS RECOGNIZED THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

SM215PES

A118

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS

(340)

BY TOM HOGE

(ADVANCE) UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)-RUSSIA HAS SENT THE UNITED NATIONS A REPORT INDICATING THAT IT PUT UP MORE HOUSES LAST YEAR THAN ALL ITS EUROPEAN NEIGHBORS TOGETHER. SOME OF THE HOUSES ARE LOG CABINS.

A NEW U.N. SURVEY SAYS THE RUSSIANS, WHO PROMISED TO PROVIDE A HOME FOR EVERY SOVIET FAMILY BY 1970, IS PRODUCING MORE THAN 50 PER CENT OF EUROPE'S TOTAL HOUSE CONSTRUCTION. THE FIGURES SHOW THE RUSSIANS BOOSTED THEIR OWN OUTPUT BY 30 PER CENT IN 1957.

THE SAME UPWARD SWING WAS NOTED THROUGHOUT THE COMMUNIST STATES OF EASTERN EUROPE, WHICH ARE ENCOURAGING HOME CONSTRUCTION WITH MORE STATE AID, FREE LAND OFFERS AND A VARIETY OF READILY AVAILABLE BUILDING MATERIALS.

DESPITE THE UPWARD TREND, HOWEVER, THE REPORT NOTED BUILDING LEVELS IN THE IRON CURTAIN COUNTRIES ARE STILL FAR BELOW THE WESTERN STANDARD. THERE ALSO IS A MARKED DIFFERENCE IN THE SIZE AND TYPE OF DWELLINGS. NEW HOUSES IN THE WEST AVERAGED BETWEEN FOUR AND FIVE ROOMS, THE COMMUNIST NATIONS AVERAGED ABOUT THREE.

IN RUSSIA, ONE EXPERT NOTED, MANY OF THE HOUSES GOING UP IN THE RURAL AREAS ARE LOG CABINS.

PROHIBITIVE RENTS ARE A FACTOR IN EAST EUROPE'S FEVERISH BUILDING SPREE. POLAND IS THE ONLY IRON CURTAIN COUNTRY WHERE ANY MOVE HAS BEEN MADE TO REDUCE RENTALS. MANDATORY BUILDING PROGRAMS IN THE

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COMMUNIST NATIONS ALSO ACCOUNT IN LARGE MEASURE FOR THE FACT THAT THEY ARE OUTSTRIPPING THE WEST.

WHEN IT PLEDGED TO ELIMINATE THE HOUSING SHORTAGE THROUGHOUT ITS VAST LAND, THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT REVISED ITS 1956-1960 FIVE-YEAR PLAN TO DOUBLE THE VOLUME OF HOUSE CONSTRUCTION ACHIEVED IN THE PREVIOUS FIVE-YEAR PERIOD.

THE SOVIETS HOPE TO ATTAIN THIS GOAL BY INCREASING CONSTRUCTION CARRIED OUT BOTH BY GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES AND PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS. IN 1957 THEY DECENTRALIZED THEIR OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT TO MAKE IT EASIER TO MOBILIZE FUNDS AND HOUSING MATERIALS AND LINK THEM MORE EFFECTIVELY WITH LOCAL NEEDS.

RUSSIA AND ITS SATELLITES ALSO ENCOURAGED BUILDERS TO USE LOCAL MATERIALS REQUIRING LITTLE OR NO INDUSTRIAL PROCESSING. HOLLOW BRICKS, LIGHTWEIGHT CONCRETE AND PLASTIC WATER PIPES HAVE LOWERED COSTS AND SIMPLIFIED THE COMMUNIST BUILDER'S PROBLEMS.

IN A GRIM NOTE, THE REPORT NOTED THAT THE UPSWING IN HUNGARY'S BUILDING PROGRAM LARGELY INVOLVED REBUILDING HOUSES SHATTERED BY SOVIET TANKS IN THE 1956 REVOLT.

END ADVANCE FOR MONDAY PMS--MOVED NOV. 15

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(230)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 17 (AP)—THE SOVIET UNION CHARGED TODAY THAT AMERICANS IN THE U.N. OFFICE OF PUBLIC INFORMATION ARE TURNING IT INTO A PROPAGANDA VEHICLE TO SUPPORT U.S. FOREIGN POLICY.

SOVIET DELEGATE K.D. LEVYCHKIN BLAMED SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD, SAYING HE HAD PERMITTED THE INFORMATION SERVICE TO FALL UNDER THE DOMINATION OF U.S. CITIZENS. LEVYCHKIN SAID FOR THE AMERICANS THERE WAS "NO OTHER TRUTH" EXCEPT THAT REFLECTED IN U.S. POLICY.

U.S. DELEGATE ALBERT F. BENDER PROTESTED AGAINST THE SOVIET ATTACK ON AMERICAN MEMBERS OF THE U.N. SECRETARIAT.

THE EXCHANGE TOOK PLACE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S 81-NATION BUDGETARY AND ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE WHICH IS DEBATING PROPOSED CHANGES IN THE U.N. INFORMATION PROGRAM. LEVYCHKIN WAS ESPECIALLY CRITICAL OF U.N. INFORMATION ON KOREA AND HUNGARY.

HE SAID THAT OF THE 38 STAFF MEMBERS IN THE PRESS AND PUBLICATIONS DIVISION, 13, INCLUDING THE DIVISION HEAD, WERE AMERICANS.

THIS, HE SAID, COULD "HARDLY TALLY WITH THE OBJECTIVE NATURE OF DISSEMINATING U.N. INFORMATION."

MEANWHILE, REPRESENTATIVES OF BRITAIN AND INDIA-- WHO HAD EXPERTS ON A 6-NATION COMMITTEE STUDYING THE U.N. INFORMATION PROGRAM-- VIGOROUSLY DEFENDED RECOMMENDATIONS TO SHIFT THE EMPHASIS IN THE DIRECTION OF A SELECTIVE PUBLIC RELATIONS APPROACH.

THEY CONTENDED THAT U.N. CORRESPONDENTS AND OTHERS-- PRESUMABLY INCLUDING SECRETARY GENERAL HAMMARSKJOLD-- WERE UNFAIR IN THEIR CRITICISM OF THE COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS.

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